

Search for low-mass resonances decaying into two jets and produced in association with a photon using pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13\text{TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector

Article (Published Version)

Abraham, N L, Allbrooke, B M M, Asquith, L, Cerri, A, Jones, S D, De Santo, A, Salvatore, F, Shaw, K, Stevenson, T J, Suruliz, K, Sutton, M R, Tresoldi, F, Vivarelli, I, Trovato, F, Winkels, E et al. (2019) Search for low-mass resonances decaying into two jets and produced in association with a photon using pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13\text{TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector. Physics Letters B, 795. pp. 56-75. ISSN 0370-2693

This version is available from Sussex Research Online: <http://sro.sussex.ac.uk/id/eprint/85914/>

This document is made available in accordance with publisher policies and may differ from the published version or from the version of record. If you wish to cite this item you are advised to consult the publisher's version. Please see the URL above for details on accessing the published version.

Copyright and reuse:

Sussex Research Online is a digital repository of the research output of the University.

Copyright and all moral rights to the version of the paper presented here belong to the individual author(s) and/or other copyright owners. To the extent reasonable and practicable, the material made available in SRO has been checked for eligibility before being made available.

Copies of full text items generally can be reproduced, displayed or performed and given to third parties in any format or medium for personal research or study, educational, or not-for-profit purposes without prior permission or charge, provided that the authors, title and full bibliographic details are credited, a hyperlink and/or URL is given for the original metadata page and the content is not changed in any way.



Search for low-mass resonances decaying into two jets and produced in association with a photon using pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector

The ATLAS Collaboration ^{*}

ARTICLE INFO

Article history:

Received 31 January 2019

Received in revised form 25 March 2019

Accepted 26 March 2019

Available online 30 May 2019

Editor: M. Doser

ABSTRACT

A search is performed for localised excesses in dijet mass distributions of low-dijet-mass events produced in association with a high transverse energy photon. The search uses up to 79.8 fb^{-1} of LHC proton–proton collisions collected by the ATLAS experiment at a centre-of-mass energy of 13 TeV during 2015–2017. Two variants are presented: one which makes no jet flavour requirements and one which requires both jets to be tagged as b -jets. The observed mass distributions are consistent with multi-jet processes in the Standard Model. The data are used to set upper limits on the production cross-section for a benchmark Z' model and, separately, on generic Gaussian-shape contributions to the mass distributions, extending the current ATLAS constraints on dijet resonances to the mass range between 225 and 1100 GeV.

© 2019 The Author. Published by Elsevier B.V. This is an open access article under the CC BY license (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>). Funded by SCOAP³.

1. Introduction

Searches for resonant enhancements of the dijet invariant mass distribution (m_{jj}) are an essential part of the LHC physics programme. New particles with sizeable couplings to quarks and gluons are predicted by many models, such as those including resonances with additional couplings to dark-matter particles [1,2].

Searches for dijet resonances with masses of several hundreds of GeV to just above 1 TeV have been carried out at lower-energy colliders [3–7] and at the LHC, which has also extended search sensitivities into the multi-TeV mass range [8–22]. Despite using higher integrated luminosities than earlier colliders, these LHC searches have been limited at lower masses by a large multi-jet background. Multi-jet events are produced at such high rates that fully recording every event would saturate the online data selection (called *trigger*) and data acquisition systems. To avoid this, minimum transverse momentum (p_T^{\min}) thresholds are imposed on triggers collecting events with at least one jet (called single-jet triggers). These thresholds create a lower bound on the sensitivity of searches at a mass of approximately $m_{jj} \approx 2p_T^{\min}$, where p_T^{\min} is typically several hundred GeV. Consequently, searches for dijet resonances at the LHC have poor sensitivity for masses below 1 TeV, and set limits on the couplings of the resonance to quarks in this light-resonance region which are weaker than limits in heavy-resonance regions [23]. Nevertheless, despite the difficulty

of recording events containing light resonances, they remain a viable search target at the LHC, both from a model-agnostic point of view [24] and, for example, in models of spin-dependent interactions of quarks with dark matter [1,2].

Recently, ATLAS and CMS have published searches for low-mass dijet resonances using several complementary strategies to avoid trigger limitations. For $m_{jj} > 450$ GeV, the most stringent limits are set by searches recording only partial event information [20,21].

Another search avenue is opened by data in which a light resonance is boosted in the transverse direction via recoil against a high- p_T photon [25,26]. Requiring a high- p_T photon in the final state reduces signal acceptance but allows efficient recording of events with lower dijet masses. At even lower resonance masses, the decay products of the resonance will merge into a single large-radius jet. Searches for this event signature have been used to set limits on resonant dijet production at both ATLAS [27] and CMS [28,29]. However, these searches become less sensitive above 200 GeV–350 GeV, when the decay products fall outside the large-radius jet cone.

This Letter presents a new search for resonances in events containing a dijet and a high- p_T photon in the final state, using proton–proton (pp) collisions recorded at a centre-of-mass energy $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV and corresponding to an integrated luminosity up to 79.8 fb^{-1} . The search targets a dijet mass range of 225 GeV–1.1 TeV. This range covers masses below the range accessible using single-jet triggers or partial-event data and above the mass range where the resonance decay products merge. The search is performed using samples of events selected either with

^{*} E-mail address: atlas.publications@cern.ch.

or without criteria designed to identify jets originating from bottom quarks (*b*-jets). Searching in a subset of the data selected with *b*-jet identification criteria enhances sensitivity to resonances which preferentially decay into bottom quarks. This search probes masses above 225 GeV, obtaining results complementary to the reach of previous dijet searches at a centre-of-mass energy of $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV: below approximately 600 GeV, previous ATLAS di-*b*-jet searches lose sensitivity [30], while the range of the CMS boosted di-*b*-jet search [29] is limited to a mass region up to 350 GeV. Another complementary CMS search for resonances with masses above 325 GeV decaying to *b*-jets at a centre-of-mass energy of $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV is described in Ref. [31].

2. ATLAS detector

The ATLAS experiment [32–35] at the LHC is a multipurpose particle detector with a forward–backward symmetric cylindrical geometry¹ with layers of tracking, calorimeter, and muon detectors over nearly the entire solid angle around the *pp* collision point. The directions and energies of high transverse momentum particles are measured using tracking detectors, finely segmented hadronic and electromagnetic calorimeters, and a muon spectrometer, within axial and toroidal magnetic fields. The inner tracker consists of silicon pixel, silicon microstrip, and transition radiation tracking detectors, and reconstructs charged-particle tracks in $|\eta| < 2.5$. Lead/liquid-argon (LAr) sampling calorimeters provide electromagnetic (EM) energy measurements with high granularity. A steel/scintillator-tile hadronic calorimeter covers the central pseudorapidity range ($|\eta| < 1.7$). The endcap and forward regions are instrumented with LAr calorimeters for EM and hadronic energy measurements up to $|\eta| = 4.9$. The trigger system [36] consists of a first-level trigger implemented in hardware, using a subset of the detector information to reduce the accepted rate to 100 kHz, followed by a software-based trigger that reduces the rate of recorded events to about 1 kHz.

3. Data samples and event selection

The result presented in this Letter is based on data collected in *pp* collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV during 2015–2017. The signal consists of events with two jets from the decay of a new particle, and an additional photon, radiated off one of the colliding partons.

Data were collected via either a single-photon trigger or a combined trigger requiring additional jets, to allow a lower p_T requirement on the photon. The data collected with the single-photon trigger are used to search for resonances with masses from 225 GeV to 450 GeV, while the data collected with the combined trigger are used to search for resonances with masses from 450 GeV to 1.1 TeV.

The single-photon trigger requires at least one photon candidate with $E_{T,\text{trig}}^\gamma > 140$ GeV, where $E_{T,\text{trig}}^\gamma$ is the photon transverse energy as reconstructed by the software-based trigger. The combined trigger requires a photon and two additional jet candidates, each with $p_T > 50$ GeV. The combined trigger requires $E_{T,\text{trig}}^\gamma > 75$ GeV for the 2016 data, increasing to $E_{T,\text{trig}}^\gamma > 85$ GeV

for the 2017 data. This trigger was not active during the 2015 data-taking period. As a consequence, the single-photon trigger recorded 79.8 fb^{-1} of data and the combined trigger recorded 76.6 fb^{-1} of data. Both triggers are fully efficient within uncertainties in the kinematic regimes used for this analysis.

After recording the data, a subset of collision events consistent with the signal are selected to populate m_{jj} distributions for subsequent analysis. A brief description of the reconstruction methods is given below together with the event selection.

In all of the events selected for analysis, all components of the detector are required to be operating correctly. In addition, all events are required to have a reconstructed primary vertex [37], defined as a vertex with at least two reconstructed tracks, each with $p_T > 500$ MeV.

Photon candidates are reconstructed from clusters of energy deposits in the electromagnetic calorimeter [38]. The energy of the candidate is corrected by applying energy scale factors measured with $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ decays [39].

The trajectory of the photon is reconstructed using the longitudinal segmentation of the calorimeters along the shower axis (shower depth) and a constraint from the average collision point of the proton beams. Candidates are restricted to the region $|\eta| < 2.37$, excluding the transition region $1.37 < |\eta| < 1.52$ between the barrel and endcap calorimeters to ensure that they arise from well-calibrated regions of the calorimeter. An additional requirement is applied on the transverse energy of the photon candidate after reconstruction, which is required to have $E_T^\gamma > 95$ GeV, where E_T^γ is the transverse energy of the photon candidate after reconstruction.

Quality requirements are applied to the photon candidates to reject events containing misreconstructed photons arising from instrumental problems or from non-collision backgrounds. Further *tight* identification requirements are applied to reduce contamination from π^0 or other neutral hadrons decaying into two photons [38]. The photon identification is based on the profile of the energy deposits in the first and second layers of the electromagnetic calorimeter. In addition to the *tight* identification requirement, candidates must meet *tight isolation* criteria using calorimeter and tracking information, requiring that they be separated from nearby event activity [40,41]. Converted photon candidates matched to one track or a pair of tracks passing inner-detector quality requirements [38] and satisfying *tight* identification and isolation criteria are also considered. Any pair of matching tracks must form a vertex that is consistent with originating from a massless particle.

Jets are reconstructed using the anti- k_t algorithm [42,43] with radius parameter $R = 0.4$ from clusters of energy deposits in the calorimeters [44]. Quality requirements are applied to remove events containing spurious jets from detector noise and out-of-time energy deposits in the calorimeter from cosmic rays or other non-collision sources [45]. Jet energies are calibrated to the scale of the constituent particles of the jet and corrected for the presence of multiple simultaneous (pile-up) interactions [46,47].

After reconstruction, jets with transverse momentum $p_T^{\text{jet}} > 25$ GeV and rapidity $|\eta^{\text{jet}}| < 2.8$ are considered. To suppress pile-up contributions, jets with $p_T^{\text{jet}} < 60$ GeV and $|\eta^{\text{jet}}| < 2.4$ are required to originate from the primary interaction vertex with the highest summed p_T^2 of associated tracks. If a jet and a photon candidate are within $\Delta R = 0.4$, the jet candidate is removed.

These requirements retain approximately 30% of a typical signal sample.

Jets which likely contain *b*-hadrons are identified (*b*-tagged) with the DL1 flavour tagger [48]. Tracks are selected in a cone around the jet axis, using a radius which shrinks with increasing p_T^{jet} . The selected tracks are used as input to algorithms which

¹ ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the centre of the detector and the *z*-axis along the beam pipe. The *x*-axis points from the IP to the centre of the LHC ring, and the *y*-axis points upwards. Cylindrical coordinates (*r*, ϕ) are used in the transverse plane, with ϕ being the azimuthal angle around the *z*-axis. The pseudorapidity is defined in terms of the polar angle θ as $\eta = -\ln \tan(\theta/2)$. It is equivalent to the rapidity for massless particles. Transverse momentum and energy are defined as $p_T = p \sin \theta$ and $E_T = E \sin \theta$, respectively. Angular distance is measured in units of $\Delta R = \sqrt{(\Delta\eta)^2 + (\Delta\phi)^2}$.

Table 1

Event selections used to construct each of the four event categories, as described in the text.

Criterion	Single-photon trigger	Combined trigger
Number of jets		$n_{\text{jets}} \geq 2$
Number of photons		$n_{\gamma} \geq 1$
Leading photon	$E_T^{\gamma} > 150 \text{ GeV}$	$E_T^{\gamma} > 95 \text{ GeV}$
Leading, subleading jet	$p_T^{\text{jet}} > 25 \text{ GeV}$	$p_T^{\text{jet}} > 65 \text{ GeV}$
Centrality	$ y^* = y_1 - y_2 /2 < 0.75$	
Invariant mass	$m_{jj} > 169 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{jj} > 335 \text{ GeV}$
Criterion (applied to each trigger selection)	Inclusive	<i>b</i> -tagged
Jet $ \eta $	$ \eta^{\text{jet}} < 2.8$	$ \eta^{\text{jet}} < 2.5$
<i>b</i> -tagging	–	$n_{b\text{-tag}} \geq 2$

attempt to reconstruct a *b*-hadron decay chain. The resulting information is passed to a neural network which assigns a *b*-jet probability to each jet. To account for mismodelling in simulated *b*-hadron decays, a comparison of the discrimination power of this network in data and Monte Carlo simulation is performed and correction factors are applied to simulation to reproduce the data [49]. Jets are considered *b*-tagged when the DL1 score exceeds a threshold consistent with a 77% *b*-hadron identification efficiency on a benchmark $t\bar{t}$ sample. At this threshold, only 0.7% light-flavour jets and 25% charm-jets are retained.

Events which contain at least one photon candidate and two jets are selected using the above criteria and separated into four categories for further analysis. Two of the categories are constructed with flavour-inclusive criteria, for which *b*-tagging results are ignored. One of these two categories contains events recorded via the single-photon trigger, and the other category contains events recorded via the combined trigger. To ensure the trigger is fully efficient, events in the single-photon-trigger category are required to have a photon with $E_T^{\gamma} > 150 \text{ GeV}$ and events in the combined-trigger category are required to have a photon with $E_T^{\gamma} > 95 \text{ GeV}$ and two jets with $p_T^{\text{jet}} > 65 \text{ GeV}$. The remaining two categories consist of events selected as in the flavour-inclusive categories, except that the two highest- p_T^{jet} jets must satisfy the *b*-tagging criteria and have $|\eta^{\text{jet}}| < 2.5$ to ensure that they fall within the acceptance of the tracking detectors.

Dijet production at the LHC occurs largely via *t*-channel processes, leading to jet pairs with high absolute values of $y^* = (y_1 - y_2)/2$, where y_1 and y_2 are the rapidities of the highest- p_T (leading) and second-highest- p_T (subleading) jet, respectively. On the other hand, heavy particles tend to decay more isotropically, with the two jets having lower $|y^*|$ values. Therefore, $|y^*| < 0.75$ is required for all four categories. This selection rejects up to 80% of the multi-jet background events while accepting up to 80% of the signal events discussed below. A further selection is applied to select events above a given invariant mass depending on the trigger, $m_{jj} > 169 \text{ GeV}$ for the single-photon trigger and $m_{jj} > 335 \text{ GeV}$ for the combined trigger. This is so that the background can be described by a smoothly falling analytic function satisfying the goodness-of-fit criteria described in 4.

The above selections, summarised in Table 1, yield 2,522,549 and 15,557 events acquired by the single-photon trigger for the flavour-inclusive and *b*-tagged categories, respectively. They yield 1,520,114 and 9,015 events acquired by the combined trigger in the corresponding categories.

The distributions of m_{jj} for events in each of the four categories are shown in Fig. 1. Hypothetical signals with $m_{Z'} = 250 \text{ GeV}$ and $m_{Z'} = 550 \text{ GeV}$, as further discussed in Section 6, are overlaid.

At the largest dijet masses considered, the combined-trigger categories provide greater sensitivity to signals than the single-

photon-trigger categories due to their greater signal acceptance. The sensitivity is defined as S/\sqrt{B} , where S and B are the number of signal and background events in the simulation samples described in Section 6. At the smallest dijet masses considered, the jet p_T thresholds of the combined trigger cause those categories to lose efficiency for signals and bias the m_{jj} distributions of the background processes. Therefore, to optimise the search across a wide range of signal masses, the invariant mass spectra selected using the combined-trigger categories are used in the search for signal masses above 450 GeV, while the spectra obtained with the single-photon trigger are used for lower masses.

4. Background estimation

To estimate the Standard Model contributions to the distributions in Fig. 1, smooth functions are fit to the data. The dijet searches of the CDF, CMS, and ATLAS experiments [6,8,11,15,17,17,15,7,20] have successfully modelled dijet mass distributions in hadron colliders using a single function over the entire mass range considered in those searches. This approach is not suitable when data constrain the fit too tightly for a single function to reliably model both ends of the distribution simultaneously. Here, a more flexible technique is adopted, similar to that used in recent ATLAS dijet resonance searches [22,21]. In this technique, a single fit using a given function over the entire mass distribution is replaced by many successive fits. For each bin of the mass distribution, the same function is used to fit a broad mass range centred on the bin, and the background prediction for that bin is taken to be the value of the fitted function in the centre of the range. The process is repeated for each bin of the mass distribution and the results are combined to form a background prediction covering the entire distribution. For invariant masses higher than the m_{jj} range used for the search (above 1.1 TeV), the window is allowed to extend beyond the range as long as data is available.

A set of parametric functions are considered for these fits:

$$f(x) = p_1 x^{-p_2} e^{-p_3 x - p_4 x^2} \quad (1)$$

or

$$f(x) = p_1 (1 - x)^{p_2} x^{p_3 + p_4 \ln x + p_5 (\ln x)^2}, \quad (2)$$

where $x = m_{jj}/\sqrt{s}$ and p_i are free parameters determined by fitting the m_{jj} distribution. In addition to the five-parameter function in Eq. (2), a four-parameter variant with $p_5 = 0$ and a three-parameter variant with $p_5 = p_4 = 0$ are also considered. The width of the mass range used for the individual fits was optimised to retain the broadest possible range while maintaining a χ^2 *p*-value above 0.05 in regions of the distribution that do not contain narrow excesses, where excesses are identified using the BumpHunter algorithm described in the next section. The sliding window procedure cannot be extended beyond the lower edge of the m_{jj} range used in each signal selection. Therefore, until the optimal number of bins is reached on each side of a given bin centre, the start of the window is fixed to the lower edge of the spectrum and the fitted functional form is evaluated for each bin in turn. This procedure allows for a stable background estimate while maintaining sensitivity to signals localised in the m_{jj} distribution. Tests performed by adding sample signals to smooth pseudo-data distributions confirmed that this approach can find signals of width-to-mass ratios up to 15%, with sensitivity increasing for narrower signals. The ranges of the individual fits vary from 750 GeV in the narrowest case to 1600 GeV in the widest case. A signal with a 15% width-to-mass ratio constrained by the narrowest fit would have an absolute width of 163 GeV, or less than one quarter of the fit range.

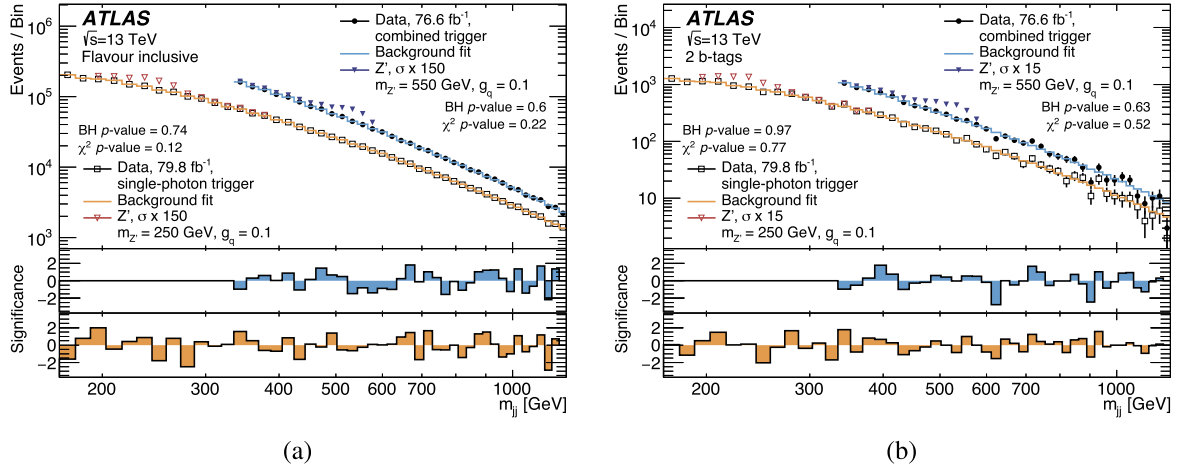


Fig. 1. Dijet mass distributions for the (a) flavour-inclusive and (b) b -tagged categories. In both figures, the distribution for the sample collected using the combined trigger with $E_T^{\gamma} > 95$ GeV and two $p_T^{\text{jet}} > 25$ GeV jets (filled circles) and the distribution for the sample collected using the single-photon trigger with $E_T^{\gamma} > 150$ GeV (open squares) are shown separately. The solid lines indicate the background estimated from the fitting method described in the text. Also shown are the p -values both by a χ^2 comparison of data to background estimate and by BumpHunter (BH). The solid and empty triangles represent a Z' injected signal with $g_q = 0.1$, masses of 550 and 250 GeV, respectively, where the theory-cross section is multiplied by the factor shown in the legend. The bottom panels show the significances of bin-by-bin differences between the data and the fits for the combined trigger (middle) and single-photon trigger (bottom). These Gaussian significances are calculated from the Poisson probability, considering only statistical uncertainties on the data.

Table 2

Summary of functions used for background fits to each category. The five-parameter function (5 par.) is given in Eq. (2). The four-parameter variant (4 par.) sets $p_5 = 0$, while the three-parameter variant (3 par.) sets $p_5 = p_4 = 0$.

Fit	Flavour-inclusive, single γ trigger	Flavour-inclusive, combined trigger	b -tagged, single γ trigger	b -tagged, combined trigger
Primary fit (χ^2 p -value)	Eq. (2), 5 par. (0.11)	Eq. (2), 4 par. (0.23)	Eq. (2), 4 par. (0.75)	Eq. (2), 3 par. (0.53)
Alternative fit (χ^2 p -value)	Eq. (2), 4 par. (0.07)	Eq. (1) (0.20)	Eq. (2), 3 par. (0.75)	Eq. (2), 5 par. (0.44)

Monte Carlo samples of background containing a photon with associated jets were simulated using SHERPA 2.1.1 [50], generated in several bins of photon transverse momentum at the particle level (termed as E_T^{γ} for this paragraph), from 35 GeV up to energies where backgrounds become negligible in data, at approximately 4 TeV. The matrix elements, calculated at next-to-leading order (NLO) with up to three partons for $E_T^{\gamma} < 70$ GeV or four partons for higher E_T^{γ} , were merged with the SHERPA parton shower [51] using the ME+PS@LO prescription [52]. The CT10 set of parton distribution functions (PDF) [53] was used in conjunction with the dedicated parton shower tuning developed by the SHERPA authors. These samples, alone and in combination with the signal samples discussed below, were used to validate the background model obtained with the above mentioned method, and they were also used to verify that the fitting procedure is robust against false positive signals. Additionally, the simulated samples were used to calculate the fractional dijet mass resolution, which was found to be in the range 8%–3% for the masses of 225 GeV up to 1.1 TeV considered in this search.

5. Search results

Fig. 1 shows the results of fitting each of the observed distributions, as described in Section 4. For each distribution, the function among those in Eqs. (1) and (2) and their variants which yields the highest χ^2 p -value (shown in the figure), in absence of localised excesses, is chosen as the primary function for the fitting method. The function with the lowest χ^2 p -value which still results in a p -value larger than 0.05 is chosen as an alternative function. The primary and alternative functions for each of the four search cat-

egories are shown in Table 2. The alternative function is used to estimate the systematic uncertainty of the background prediction due to the choice of function, as described below.

The statistical significance of any localised excess in each m_{jj} distribution is quantified using the BumpHunter (BH) algorithm [54,55]. The algorithm compares the binned m_{jj} distribution of the data with the fitted background estimate, considering mass intervals centred in each bin location and with widths of variable size from two bins up to half the mass range used for the search (169 or 335 GeV to 1.1 TeV, for the single and combined trigger respectively).

The statistical significance of the outcome is evaluated using the ensemble of possible outcomes by applying the algorithm to many pseudo-data samples drawn randomly from the background fit. Without including systematic uncertainties, the BumpHunter p -value – the probability that fluctuations of the background model would produce an excess at least as significant as the one observed in the data, anywhere in the distribution – is $p > 0.5$ for all distributions. Thus, there is no evidence of a localised contribution to the mass distribution from new phenomena.

6. Limit setting

Limits are set on the possible contributions to the m_{jj} distributions from two kinds of resonant signal processes. As a specific benchmark signal, a leptophobic Z' resonance is simulated as in Refs. [2,17]. The Z' resonance has axial-vector couplings to quarks and to a fermion dark-matter candidate. The coupling of the Z' to quarks, g_q , is set to be universal in quark flavour. The mass of the dark-matter fermion is set to a value much heavier than the

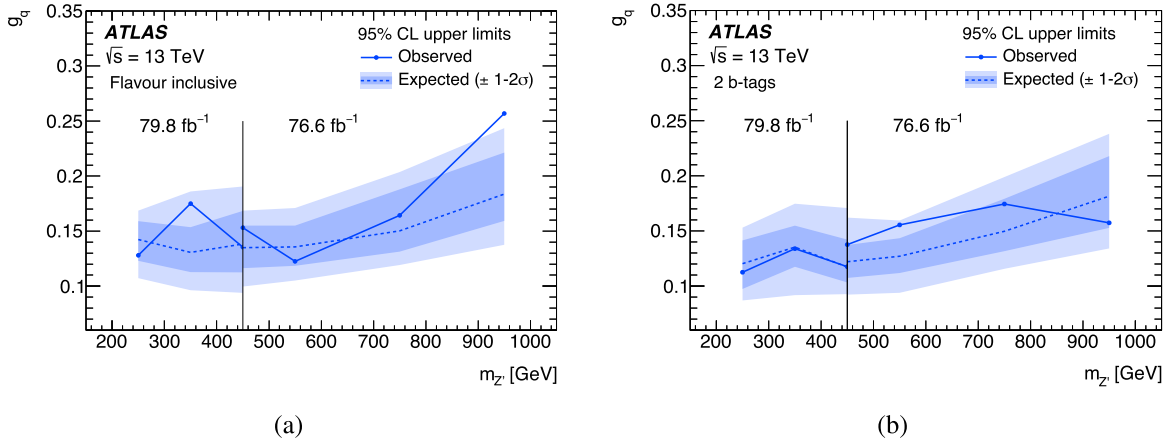


Fig. 2. Excluded values of the coupling between a Z' and quarks, at 95% CL, as a function of $m_{Z'}$, from (a) the flavour-inclusive and (b) the b -tagged categories. Below 450 GeV the distribution of events selected by the single-photon trigger is used for hypothesis testing, while above 450 GeV the combined trigger is used.

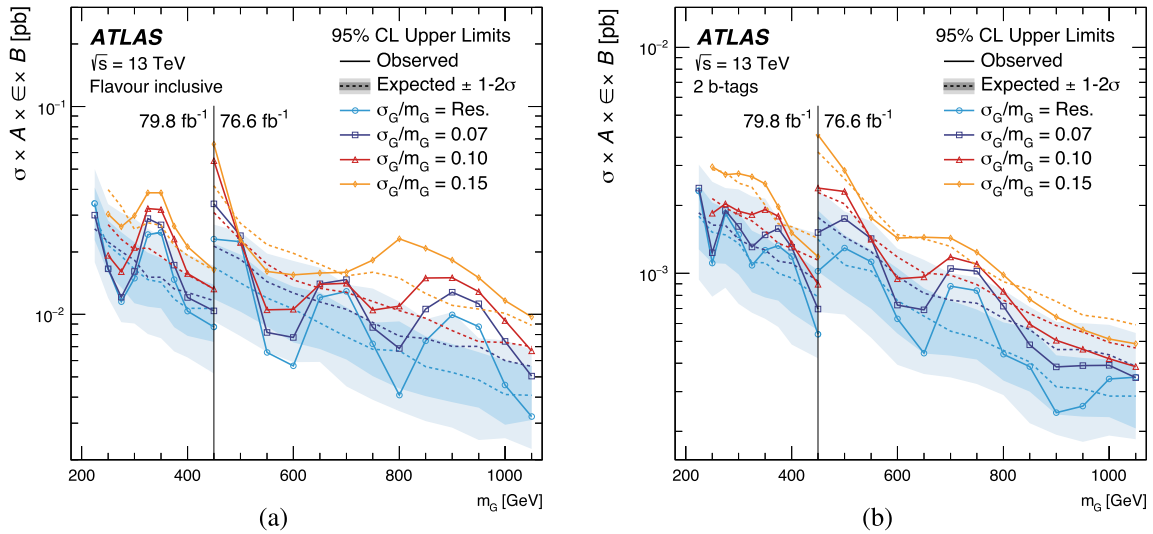


Fig. 3. Upper limits on Gaussian-shape contributions to the dijet mass distributions from (a) the flavour-inclusive and (b) the b -tagged categories. The curve denoted “Res.” represents the limit on intrinsically narrow contributions with Gaussian mass resolution ranging from 8% to 3% for the mass range considered. Below 450 GeV, the distribution of events selected by the single-photon trigger is used for hypothesis testing, while above 450 GeV the combined trigger category is used. While the vertical axis is shared between the two selections, the signal acceptance is not the same below and above the line, and this results in different limits for the 450 GeV resonance mass point. Thus the two sets of limit points correspond to two different interpretations of the product of cross-section, acceptance, efficiency, and branching ratio, $\sigma \times A \times \epsilon \times \mathcal{B}$.

Z' , such that the decay width to dark matter is zero. The total width $\Gamma_{Z'}$ is computed as the minimum width allowed given the coupling and mass $m_{Z'}$; this width is 3.6%–4.2% of the mass for $m_{Z'} = 0.25$ –0.95 TeV and $g_q = 0.3$. The interference between the Z' in this benchmark model and the Standard Model Z boson is assumed to be negligible. A set of event samples were generated at leading order with $m_{Z'}$ values in the range 0.25–1.5 TeV and with $g_q = 0.3$ using MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO 2.2.3 [56]; the NNPDF3.0 LO PDF set [57] was used in conjunction with PYTHIA 8.186 [58] and the A14 set of tuned parameters [59]. For these samples, the acceptances of the kinematic selections in the flavour-inclusive categories range from 1% to 2.5%, increasing with signal mass, for the sample collected by the combined trigger and from 4% to 10% for the sample collected by the single-photon trigger. For the b -tagged categories, the kinematic acceptance is defined relative to the full flavour-inclusive generated samples, leading to acceptance values of 0.2%–0.4% and 0.7%–1.6% for the combined and single-photon trigger, respectively. The reconstruction efficiencies range from 74% to 80% for the flavour-inclusive categories and from 40% to 48% for the b -tagged categories, decreasing with increasing signal mass.

Limits are set on the considered new-physics contributions to the m_{jj} distributions using a Bayesian method. A constant prior is used for the signal cross-section and Gaussian priors for nuisance parameters corresponding to systematic uncertainties. The expected limits are calculated using pseudo-experiments generated from the background-only component of a signal-plus-background fit to the data, using the same fitting ranges and functions selected as the best model in the search phase. Signal hypotheses at discrete mass values are used to set 95% credibility-level (CL) upper limits on the cross-section times acceptance [12]. The limits are obtained for a discrete set of points in the g_q – $m_{Z'}$ plane, shown in Fig. 2.

A more generic set of limits is shown in Fig. 3. These limits apply to the visible cross-section from a Gaussian-shape contribution to the m_{jj} distribution, where the visible cross-section is defined as the product of the production cross-section, the detector acceptance, the reconstruction efficiency, and the branching ratio, $\sigma \times A \times \epsilon \times \mathcal{B}$. The Gaussian-shape contributions have mass m_G and widths that span from the detector mass resolution, denoted “Res.” in the figure, ranging from 8% to 3% for the mass range considered,

for an intrinsically narrow resonance, up to 15% of the mean of the Gaussian mass distribution.

Both the choice of fit function and statistical fluctuations in the m_{jj} distribution can contribute to uncertainties in the background model. To account for the fit function choice, the largest difference between fits among the variants of Eq. (1) and Eq. (2) that obtain a p -value above 0.05, is taken as a systematic uncertainty. The uncertainty related to statistical fluctuations in the background model is computed via Poisson fluctuations around the values of the nominal background model. The uncertainty of the prediction in each m_{jj} bin is taken to be the standard deviation of the predictions from all random samples.

The reconstructed signal mass distributions are affected by additional uncertainties related to the simulation of detector effects. The jet energy scale uncertainty is applied to the Z' mass distributions using a four-principal-component method [47,60,61], leading to an average 2% shift of the peak value for each mass distribution. For the Gaussian-shape signal models, this average 2% shift is taken as the uncertainty of the mean of each Gaussian distribution. In the case of the b -tagged categories, uncertainties of the b -tagging efficiency are the dominant uncertainties in each mass distribution. To account for these uncertainties, the contribution of each simulated event to a given mass distribution is reweighted by 5%–15% for each jet, depending on its p_T [49].

The remaining uncertainties are modelled by scaling each simulated distribution by 3% to account for jet energy resolution in all categories [47], 2% for photon identification uncertainties in the single-photon-trigger categories and 1.4% in the combined-trigger categories [38], 3% to account for efficiencies of the combined trigger, and 1% for PDF-related uncertainties (only applied to the mass distributions of Z' signals).

All these uncertainties are included in the reported limits; further uncertainties of the theoretical cross-section for the Z' model are not considered.

The uncertainty of the combined 2015–2017 integrated luminosity is derived following a methodology similar to that detailed in Ref. [62] and using the LUCID-2 detector for the baseline luminosity measurements in 2017 [63]. The estimates for the individual datasets are combined and applied as a single scaling parameter with a value of 2% for the single-photon-trigger categories and 2.3% for the combined-trigger categories.

7. Conclusion

Dijet resonances with a width up to 15% of the mass, produced in association with a photon, were searched for in up to 79.8 fb^{-1} of LHC pp collisions recorded by the ATLAS experiment at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$. The observed m_{jj} distribution in the mass range $169 \text{ GeV} < m_{jj} < 1100 \text{ GeV}$ can be described by a fit with smooth functions without contributions from such resonances.

In the absence of a statistically significant excess, limits are set on two models: Z' axial-vector dark-matter mediators and Gaussian-shape signal contributions. All mediator masses within the analysis range are excluded for a coupling value of $g_q = 0.25$ and above, with the exclusion limit near a coupling of $g_q = 0.15$ for most of the mass range. The b -tagged categories yield Z' limits comparable to the flavour-inclusive categories, assuming that the Z' decays equally into all quark flavours, and provide model-independent limits that can be reinterpreted in terms of resonances decaying preferentially into b -quarks. For narrow Gaussian-shape structures with a width-to-mass ratio of 7%, the flavour-inclusive categories exclude visible cross-sections above 12 fb for a mass of 400 GeV and above 5.1 fb for a mass of 1050 GeV. When wider signals with a width-to-mass ratio of 15% are considered, the exclusion limits are weaker at the lower mass values, with vis-

ible cross-sections above 21 fb excluded for a mass of 400 GeV and those above 9.7 fb excluded for a mass of 1050 GeV.

These results significantly extend the constraints by ATLAS and other experiments at lower centre-of-mass energies on hadronically decaying resonances with masses as low as 225 GeV and up to 1100 GeV.

Acknowledgements

We thank CERN for the very successful operation of the LHC, as well as the support staff from our institutions without whom ATLAS could not be operated efficiently.

We acknowledge the support of ANPCyT, Argentina; YerPhI, Armenia; ARC, Australia; BMWFW and FWF, Austria; ANAS, Azerbaijan; SSTC, Belarus; CNPq and FAPESP, Brazil; NSERC, NRC and CFI, Canada; CERN; CONICYT, Chile; CAS, MOST and NSFC, China; COLCIENCIAS, Colombia; MSMT CR, MPO CR and VSC CR, Czech Republic; DNRF and DNSRC, Denmark; IN2P3-CNRS, CEA-DRF/IRFU, France; SRNSFG, Georgia; BMBF, HGF, and MPG, Germany; GSRT, Greece; RGC, Hong Kong SAR, China; ISF and Benoziyo Center, Israel; INFN, Italy; MEXT and JSPS, Japan; CNRS, Morocco; NWO, Netherlands; RCN, Norway; MNiSW and NCN, Poland; FCT, Portugal; MNE/IFA, Romania; MES of Russia and NRC KI, Russian Federation; JINR; MESTD, Serbia; MSSR, Slovakia; ARRS and MIZŠ, Slovenia; DST/NRF, South Africa; MINECO, Spain; SRC and Wallenberg Foundation, Sweden; SERI, SNSF and Cantons of Bern and Geneva, Switzerland; MOST, Taiwan; TAEK, Turkey; STFC, United Kingdom; DOE and NSF, United States of America. In addition, individual groups and members have received support from BCKDF, the Canada Council, Canarie, CRC, Compute Canada, FQRNT, and the Ontario Innovation Trust, Canada; EPLANET, ERC, ERDF, FP7, Horizon 2020 and Marie Skłodowska-Curie Actions, European Union; Investissements d'Avenir Labex and Idex, ANR, Région Auvergne and Fondation Partager le Savoir, France; DFG and AvH Foundation, Germany; Herakleitos, Thales and Aristeia programmes co-financed by EU-ESF and the Greek NSRF; BSF, GIF and Minerva, Israel; BRF, Norway; CERCA Programme Generalitat de Catalunya, Generalitat Valenciana, Spain; the Royal Society and Leverhulme Trust, United Kingdom.

The crucial computing support from all WLCG partners is acknowledged gratefully, in particular from CERN, the ATLAS Tier-1 facilities at TRIUMF (Canada), NDGF (Denmark, Norway, Sweden), CC-IN2P3 (France), KIT/GridKA (Germany), INFN-CNAF (Italy), NL-T1 (Netherlands), PIC (Spain), ASGC (Taiwan), RAL (UK) and BNL (USA), the Tier-2 facilities worldwide and large non-WLCG resource providers. Major contributors of computing resources are listed in Ref. [64].

References

- [1] M. Chala, F. Kahlhoefer, M. McCullough, G. Nardini, K. Schmidt-Hoberg, Constraining dark sectors with monojets and dijets, *J. High Energy Phys.* 07 (2015) 089, arXiv:1503.5916 [hep-ph].
- [2] D. Abercrombie, et al., Dark matter benchmark models for early LHC Run-2 searches: report of the ATLAS/CMS Dark Matter Forum, arXiv:1507.00966 [hep-ex], 2015.
- [3] UA1 Collaboration, Angular distributions and structure functions from two jet events at the CERN SPS $p\bar{p}$ collider, *Phys. Lett. B* 136 (1984) 294.
- [4] UA1 Collaboration, Two jet mass distributions at the CERN $p\bar{p}$ collider, *Phys. Lett. B* 209 (1988) 127.
- [5] UA2 Collaboration, Measurement of jet production properties at the CERN $p\bar{p}$ collider, *Phys. Lett. B* 144 (1984) 283.
- [6] CDF Collaboration, Search for new particles decaying into dijets in proton-antiproton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$, *Phys. Rev. D* 79 (2009) 112002, arXiv:0812.4036 [hep-ex].
- [7] UA2 Collaboration, A measurement of two jet decays of the W and Z bosons at the CERN $p\bar{p}$ collider, *Z. Phys. C* 49 (1991) 17.

- [8] ATLAS Collaboration, Search for new particles in two-jet final states in 7 TeV proton–proton collisions with the ATLAS detector at the LHC, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 105 (2010) 161801, arXiv:1008.2461 [hep-ex].
- [9] CMS Collaboration, Search for dijet resonances in 7 TeV pp collisions at CMS, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 105 (2010) 211801, arXiv:1010.0203 [hep-ex].
- [10] CMS Collaboration, Measurement of dijet angular distributions and search for quark compositeness in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 106 (2011) 201804, arXiv:1102.2020 [hep-ex].
- [11] CMS Collaboration, Search for resonances in the dijet mass spectrum from 7 TeV pp collisions at CMS, *Phys. Lett. B* 704 (2011) 123, arXiv:1107.4771 [hep-ex].
- [12] ATLAS Collaboration, A search for new physics in dijet mass and angular distributions in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV measured with the ATLAS detector, *New J. Phys.* 13 (2011) 053044, arXiv:1103.3864 [hep-ex].
- [13] ATLAS Collaboration, Search for new physics in the dijet mass distribution using 1 fb^{-1} of pp collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV collected by the ATLAS detector, *Phys. Lett. B* 708 (2012) 37, arXiv:1108.6311 [hep-ex].
- [14] ATLAS Collaboration, ATLAS search for new phenomena in dijet mass and angular distributions using pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, *J. High Energy Phys.* 01 (2013) 029, arXiv:1210.1718 [hep-ex].
- [15] ATLAS Collaboration, Search for new phenomena in the dijet mass distribution using pp collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV with the ATLAS detector, *Phys. Rev. D* 91 (2015) 052007, arXiv:1407.1376 [hep-ex].
- [16] CMS Collaboration, Search for narrow resonances using the dijet mass spectrum in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, *Phys. Rev. D* 87 (2013) 114015, arXiv:1302.4794 [hep-ex].
- [17] ATLAS Collaboration, Search for new phenomena in dijet mass and angular distributions from pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector, *Phys. Lett. B* 754 (2016) 302, arXiv:1512.01530 [hep-ex].
- [18] CMS Collaboration, Search for new phenomena in events with high jet multiplicity and low missing transverse momentum in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, *Phys. Lett. B* 770 (2017) 257, arXiv:1608.01224 [hep-ex].
- [19] CMS Collaboration, Search for narrow and broad dijet resonances in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV and constraints on dark matter mediators and other new particles, *J. High Energy Phys.* 08 (2018) 130, arXiv:1806.00843 [hep-ex].
- [20] CMS Collaboration, Search for dijet resonances in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV and constraints on dark matter and other models, *Phys. Lett. B* 769 (2017) 520, arXiv:1611.03568 [hep-ex].
- [21] ATLAS Collaboration, Search for low-mass dijet resonances using trigger-level jets with the ATLAS detector in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 121 (2018) 081801, arXiv:1804.03496 [hep-ex].
- [22] ATLAS Collaboration, Search for new phenomena in dijet events using 37 fb^{-1} of pp collision data collected at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector, *Phys. Rev. D* 96 (2017) 052004, arXiv:1703.09127 [hep-ex].
- [23] B.A. Dobrescu, F. Yu, Coupling-mass mapping of dijet peak searches, *Phys. Rev. D* 88 (2013) 035021, arXiv:1306.2629 [hep-ph].
- [24] R.M. Harris, K. Kousouris, Searches for dijet resonances at hadron colliders, *Int. J. Mod. Phys. A* 26 (2011) 5005, arXiv:1110.5302 [hep-ex].
- [25] H. An, R. Huo, L.-T. Wang, Searching for low mass dark portal at the LHC, *Phys. Dark Universe* 2 (2013) 50, arXiv:1212.2221 [hep-ph].
- [26] C. Shimmin, D. Whiteson, Boosting low-mass hadronic resonances, *Phys. Rev. D* 94 (2016) 055001, arXiv:1602.07727 [hep-ph].
- [27] ATLAS Collaboration, Search for light resonances decaying to boosted quark pairs and produced in association with a photon or a jet in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector, *Phys. Lett. B* 788 (2019) 316, arXiv:1801.08769 [hep-ex].
- [28] CMS Collaboration, Search for low mass vector resonances decaying into quark-antiquark pairs in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, *J. High Energy Phys.* 01 (2018) 097, arXiv:1710.00159 [hep-ex].
- [29] CMS Collaboration, Search for low-mass resonances decaying into bottom quark-antiquark pairs in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, *Phys. Rev. D* 99 (2019) 012005, arXiv:1810.11822 [hep-ex].
- [30] ATLAS Collaboration, Search for resonances in the mass distribution of jet pairs with one or two jets identified as b -jets in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector, *Phys. Rev. D* 98 (2018) 032016, arXiv:1805.09299 [hep-ex].
- [31] CMS Collaboration, Search for narrow resonances in the b -tagged dijet mass spectrum in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 120 (2018) 201801, arXiv:1802.06149 [hep-ex].
- [32] ATLAS Collaboration, The ATLAS experiment at the CERN large hadron collider, *J. Instrum.* 3 (2008) S08003.
- [33] ATLAS Collaboration, ATLAS Insertable B-Layer Technical Design Report, tech. rep. CERN-LHCC-2010-013, ATLAS-TDR-19, 2010, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/1291633>.
- [34] ATLAS Collaboration, ATLAS Insertable B-Layer Technical Design Report Addendum, tech. rep. CERN-LHCC-2012-009, ATLAS-TDR-19-ADD-1, Addendum to CERN-LHCC-2010-013, ATLAS-TDR-019, 2012, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/1451888>.
- [35] B. Abbott, et al., Production and integration of the ATLAS insertable B-layer, *J. Instrum.* 13 (2018) T05008, arXiv:1803.00844 [physics.ins-det].
- [36] ATLAS Collaboration, Performance of the ATLAS trigger system in 2015, *Eur. Phys. J. C* 77 (2017) 317, arXiv:1611.09661 [hep-ex].
- [37] ATLAS Collaboration, Tagging and suppression of pileup jets with the ATLAS detector, ATLAS-CONF-2014-018, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/1700870>, 2014.
- [38] ATLAS Collaboration, Measurement of the photon identification efficiencies with the ATLAS detector using LHC Run 2 data collected in 2015 and 2016, arXiv:1810.05087 [hep-ex], 2018.
- [39] ATLAS Collaboration, Electron and photon energy calibration with the ATLAS detector using LHC Run 1 data, *Eur. Phys. J. C* 74 (2014) 3071, arXiv:1407.5063 [hep-ex].
- [40] ATLAS Collaboration, Electron and photon energy calibration with the ATLAS detector using 2015–2016 LHC proton-proton collision data, arXiv:1812.03848 [hep-ex], 2018.
- [41] ATLAS Collaboration, Search for new phenomena in high-mass diphoton final states using 37 fb^{-1} of proton-proton collisions collected at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector, *Phys. Lett. B* 775 (2017) 105, arXiv:1707.04147 [hep-ex].
- [42] M. Cacciari, G. Salam, G. Soyez, The anti- k_t jet clustering algorithm, *J. High Energy Phys.* 04 (2008) 063, arXiv:0802.1189 [hep-ph].
- [43] M. Cacciari, G. Salam, Dispelling the N^3 myth for the k_t jet-finder, *Phys. Lett. B* 641 (2006) 57, arXiv:hep-ph/0512210.
- [44] ATLAS Collaboration, Topological cell clustering in the ATLAS calorimeters and its performance in LHC Run 1, *Eur. Phys. J. C* 77 (2017) 490, arXiv:1603.02934 [hep-ex].
- [45] ATLAS Collaboration, Selection of jets produced in 13 TeV proton-proton collisions with the ATLAS detector, ATLAS-CONF-2015-029, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2037702>, 2015.
- [46] ATLAS Collaboration, Performance of pile-up mitigation techniques for jets in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV using the ATLAS detector, *Eur. Phys. J. C* 76 (2016) 581, arXiv:1510.03823 [hep-ex].
- [47] ATLAS Collaboration, Jet energy scale measurements and their systematic uncertainties in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector, *Phys. Rev. D* 96 (2017) 072002, arXiv:1703.09665 [hep-ex].
- [48] ATLAS Collaboration, Optimisation and performance studies of the ATLAS b -tagging algorithms for the 2017–18 LHC run, ATL-PHYS-PUB-2017-013, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2273281>, 2017.
- [49] ATLAS Collaboration, Measurements of b -jet tagging efficiency with the ATLAS detector using $t\bar{t}$ events at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, *J. High Energy Phys.* 08 (2018) 089, arXiv:1805.01845 [hep-ex].
- [50] T. Gleisberg, et al., Event generation with SHERPA 1.1, *J. High Energy Phys.* 02 (2009) 007, arXiv:0811.4622 [hep-ph].
- [51] S. Schumann, F. Krauss, A parton shower algorithm based on Catani-Seymour dipole factorisation, *J. High Energy Phys.* 03 (2008) 038, arXiv:0709.1027 [hep-ph].
- [52] S. Höche, F. Krauss, S. Schumann, F. Siegert, QCD matrix elements and truncated showers, *J. High Energy Phys.* 05 (2009) 053, arXiv:0903.1219 [hep-ph].
- [53] H.-L. Lai, et al., New parton distributions for collider physics, *Phys. Rev. D* 82 (2010) 074024, arXiv:1007.2241 [hep-ph].
- [54] CDF Collaboration, Global search for new physics with 2.0 fb^{-1} at CDF, *Phys. Rev. D* 79 (2009) 011101, arXiv:0809.3781 [hep-ex].
- [55] G. Choudalakis, On hypothesis testing, trials factor, hypertexts and the Bump-Hunter, arXiv:1101.0390 [physics.data-an], 2011.
- [56] J. Alwall, et al., The automated computation of tree-level and next-to-leading order differential cross sections, and their matching to parton shower simulations, *J. High Energy Phys.* 07 (2014) 079, arXiv:1405.0301 [hep-ph].
- [57] R.D. Ball, et al., Parton distributions with LHC data, *Nucl. Phys. B* 867 (2013) 244, arXiv:1207.1303 [hep-ph].
- [58] T. Sjöstrand, S. Mrenna, P.Z. Skands, A brief introduction to PYTHIA 8.1, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* 178 (2008) 852, arXiv:0710.3820 [hep-ph].
- [59] ATLAS Collaboration, ATLAS Pythia 8 tunes to 7 TeV data, ATL-PHYS-PUB-2014-021, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/1966419>, 2014.
- [60] ATLAS Collaboration, A method for the construction of strongly reduced representations of ATLAS experimental uncertainties and the application thereof to the jet energy scale, ATL-PHYS-PUB-2015-014, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2037436>, 2015.
- [61] ATLAS Collaboration, Jet calibration and systematic uncertainties for jets reconstructed in the ATLAS detector at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, ATL-PHYS-PUB-2015-015, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2037613>, 2015.
- [62] ATLAS Collaboration, Luminosity determination in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV using the ATLAS detector at the LHC, *Eur. Phys. J. C* 76 (2016) 653, arXiv:1608.03953 [hep-ex].
- [63] G. Avoni, et al., The new LUCID-2 detector for luminosity measurement and monitoring in ATLAS, *J. Instrum.* 13 (2018) P07017.
- [64] ATLAS Collaboration, ATLAS computing acknowledgements, ATL-GEN-PUB-2016-002, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2202407>.

The ATLAS Collaboration

M. Aaboud^{34d}, G. Aad¹⁰⁰, B. Abbott¹²⁶, D.C. Abbott¹⁰¹, O. Abidinov^{13,*}, A. Abed Abud^{69a,69b}, D.K. Abhayasinghe⁹², S.H. Abidi¹⁶⁵, O.S. AbouZeid³⁹, N.L. Abraham¹⁵⁴, H. Abramowicz¹⁵⁹, H. Abreu¹⁵⁸, Y. Abulaiti⁶, B.S. Acharya^{65a,65b,o}, S. Adachi¹⁶¹, L. Adam⁹⁸, L. Adamczyk^{82a}, L. Adamek¹⁶⁵, J. Adelman¹²⁰, M. Adersberger¹¹³, A. Adiguzel^{12c,ah}, S. Adorni⁵³, T. Adye¹⁴², A.A. Affolder¹⁴⁴, Y. Afik¹⁵⁸, C. Agapopoulou¹³⁰, M.N. Agaras³⁷, A. Aggarwal¹¹⁸, C. Agheorghiesei^{27c}, J.A. Aguilar-Saavedra^{138f,138a,ag}, F. Ahmadov⁷⁸, X. Ai^{15a}, G. Aielli^{72a,72b}, S. Akatsuka⁸⁴, T.P.A. Åkesson⁹⁵, E. Akilli⁵³, A.V. Akimov¹⁰⁹, K. Al Khoury¹³⁰, G.L. Alberghi^{23b,23a}, J. Albert¹⁷⁴, M.J. Alconada Verzini⁸⁷, S. Alderweireldt¹¹⁸, M. Aleksa³⁵, I.N. Aleksandrov⁷⁸, C. Alexa^{27b}, D. Alexandre¹⁹, T. Alexopoulos¹⁰, A. Alfonsi¹¹⁹, M. Alhroob¹²⁶, B. Ali¹⁴⁰, G. Alimonti^{67a}, J. Alison³⁶, S.P. Alkire¹⁴⁶, C. Allaire¹³⁰, B.M.M. Allbrooke¹⁵⁴, B.W. Allen¹²⁹, P.P. Allport²¹, A. Aloisio^{68a,68b}, A. Alonso³⁹, F. Alonso⁸⁷, C. Alpigiani¹⁴⁶, A.A. Alshehri⁵⁶, M.I. Alstamy¹⁰⁰, M. Alvarez Estevez⁹⁷, B. Alvarez Gonzalez³⁵, D. Álvarez Piqueras¹⁷², M.G. Alvigi^{68a,68b}, Y. Amaral Coutinho^{79b}, A. Ambler¹⁰², L. Ambroz¹³³, C. Amelung²⁶, D. Amidei¹⁰⁴, S.P. Amor Dos Santos^{138a,138c}, S. Amoroso⁴⁵, C.S. Amrouche⁵³, F. An⁷⁷, C. Anastopoulos¹⁴⁷, N. Andari¹⁴³, T. Andeen¹¹, C.F. Anders^{60b}, J.K. Anders²⁰, A. Andreazza^{67a,67b}, V. Andrei^{60a}, C.R. Anelli¹⁷⁴, S. Angelidakis³⁷, I. Angelozzi¹¹⁹, A. Angerami³⁸, A.V. Anisenkov^{121b,121a}, A. Annovi^{70a}, C. Antel^{60a}, M.T. Anthony¹⁴⁷, M. Antonelli⁵⁰, D.J.A. Antrim¹⁶⁹, F. Anulli^{71a}, M. Aoki⁸⁰, J.A. Aparisi Pozo¹⁷², L. Aperio Bella³⁵, G. Arabidze¹⁰⁵, J.P. Araque^{138a}, V. Araujo Ferraz^{79b}, R. Araujo Pereira^{79b}, A.T.H. Arce⁴⁸, F.A. Arduh⁸⁷, J-F. Arguin¹⁰⁸, S. Argyropoulos⁷⁶, J.-H. Arling⁴⁵, A.J. Armbruster³⁵, L.J. Armitage⁹¹, A. Armstrong¹⁶⁹, O. Arnaez¹⁶⁵, H. Arnold¹¹⁹, A. Artamonov^{110,*}, G. Artoni¹³³, S. Artz⁹⁸, S. Asai¹⁶¹, N. Asbah⁵⁸, E.M. Asimakopoulou¹⁷⁰, L. Asquith¹⁵⁴, K. Assamagan²⁹, R. Astalos^{28a}, R.J. Atkin^{32a}, M. Atkinson¹⁷¹, N.B. Atlay¹⁴⁹, H. Atmani¹³⁰, K. Augsten¹⁴⁰, G. Avolio³⁵, R. Avramidou^{59a}, M.K. Ayoub^{15a}, A.M. Azoulay^{166b}, G. Azuelos^{108,av}, A.E. Baas^{60a}, M.J. Baca²¹, H. Bachacou¹⁴³, K. Bachas^{66a,66b}, M. Backes¹³³, F. Backman^{44a,44b}, P. Bagnaia^{71a,71b}, M. Bahmani⁸³, H. Bahrasemani¹⁵⁰, A.J. Bailey¹⁷², V.R. Bailey¹⁷¹, J.T. Baines¹⁴², M. Bajic³⁹, C. Bakalis¹⁰, O.K. Baker¹⁸¹, P.J. Bakker¹¹⁹, D. Bakshi Gupta⁸, S. Balaji¹⁵⁵, E.M. Baldin^{121b,121a}, P. Balek¹⁷⁸, F. Balli¹⁴³, W.K. Balunas¹³³, J. Balz⁹⁸, E. Banas⁸³, A. Bandyopadhyay²⁴, S. Banerjee^{179,k}, A.A.E. Bannoura¹⁸⁰, L. Barak¹⁵⁹, W.M. Barbe³⁷, E.L. Barberio¹⁰³, D. Barberis^{54b,54a}, M. Barbero¹⁰⁰, T. Barillari¹¹⁴, M.-S. Barisits³⁵, J. Barkeloo¹²⁹, T. Barklow¹⁵¹, R. Barnea¹⁵⁸, S.L. Barnes^{59c}, B.M. Barnett¹⁴², R.M. Barnett¹⁸, Z. Barnovska-Blenessy^{59a}, A. Baroncelli^{59a}, G. Barone²⁹, A.J. Barr¹³³, L. Barranco Navarro¹⁷², F. Barreiro⁹⁷, J. Barreiro Guimarães da Costa^{15a}, R. Bartoldus¹⁵¹, G. Bartolini¹⁰⁰, A.E. Barton⁸⁸, P. Bartos^{28a}, A. Basalaeu⁴⁵, A. Bassalat¹³⁰, R.L. Bates⁵⁶, S.J. Batista¹⁶⁵, S. Batlamous^{34e}, J.R. Batley³¹, B. Batool¹⁴⁹, M. Battaglia¹⁴⁴, M. Bause^{71a,71b}, F. Bauer¹⁴³, K.T. Bauer¹⁶⁹, H.S. Bawa¹⁵¹, J.B. Beacham¹²⁴, T. Beau¹³⁴, P.H. Beauchemin¹⁶⁸, P. Bechtel²⁴, H.C. Beck⁵², H.P. Beck^{20,r}, K. Becker⁵¹, M. Becker⁹⁸, C. Becot⁴⁵, A. Beddall^{12d}, A.J. Beddall^{12a}, V.A. Bednyakov⁷⁸, M. Bedognetti¹¹⁹, C.P. Bee¹⁵³, T.A. Beermann⁷⁵, M. Begalli^{79b}, M. Begel²⁹, A. Behera¹⁵³, J.K. Behr⁴⁵, F. Beisiegel²⁴, A.S. Bell⁹³, G. Bella¹⁵⁹, L. Bellagamba^{23b}, A. Bellerive³³, P. Bellos⁹, K. Beloborodov^{121b,121a}, K. Belotskiy¹¹¹, N.L. Belyaev¹¹¹, O. Benary^{159,*}, D. Bencheikroun^{34a}, N. Benekos¹⁰, Y. Benhammou¹⁵⁹, D.P. Benjamin⁶, M. Benoit⁵³, J.R. Bensinger²⁶, S. Bentvelsen¹¹⁹, L. Beresford¹³³, M. Beretta⁵⁰, D. Berge⁴⁵, E. Bergeaas Kuutmann¹⁷⁰, N. Berger⁵, B. Bergmann¹⁴⁰, L.J. Bergsten²⁶, J. Beringer¹⁸, S. Berlendis⁷, N.R. Bernard¹⁰¹, G. Bernardi¹³⁴, C. Bernius¹⁵¹, F.U. Bernlochner²⁴, T. Berry⁹², P. Berta⁹⁸, C. Bertella^{15a}, G. Bertoli^{44a,44b}, I.A. Bertram⁸⁸, G.J. Besjes³⁹, O. Bessidskaia Bylund¹⁸⁰, N. Besson¹⁴³, A. Bethani⁹⁹, S. Bethke¹¹⁴, A. Betti²⁴, A.J. Bevan⁹¹, J. Beyer¹¹⁴, R. Bi¹³⁷, R.M. Bianchi¹³⁷, O. Biebel¹¹³, D. Biedermann¹⁹, R. Bielski³⁵, K. Bierwagen⁹⁸, N.V. Biesuz^{70a,70b}, M. Biglietti^{73a}, T.R.V. Billoud¹⁰⁸, M. Bindi⁵², A. Bingul^{12d}, C. Bini^{71a,71b}, S. Biondi^{23b,23a}, M. Birman¹⁷⁸, T. Bisanz⁵², J.P. Biswal¹⁵⁹, A. Bitadze⁹⁹, C. Bittrich⁴⁷, D.M. Bjergaard⁴⁸, J.E. Black¹⁵¹, K.M. Black²⁵, T. Blazek^{28a}, I. Bloch⁴⁵, C. Blocker²⁶, A. Blue⁵⁶, U. Blumenschein⁹¹, G.J. Bobbink¹¹⁹, V.S. Bobrovnikov^{121b,121a}, S.S. Bocchetta⁹⁵, A. Bocci⁴⁸, D. Boerner⁴⁵, D. Bogavac¹¹³, A.G. Bogdanchikov^{121b,121a}, C. Boehm^{44a}, V. Boisvert⁹², P. Bokan^{52,170}, T. Bold^{82a}, A.S. Boldyrev¹¹², A.E. Bolz^{60b}, M. Bomben¹³⁴, M. Bona⁹¹, J.S. Bonilla¹²⁹, M. Boonekamp¹⁴³, H.M. Borecka-Bielska⁸⁹, A. Borisov¹²², G. Borissov⁸⁸, J. Bortfeldt³⁵, D. Bortoletto¹³³, V. Bortolotto^{72a,72b}, D. Boscherini^{23b}, M. Bosman¹⁴, J.D. Bossio Sola³⁰, K. Bouaouda^{34a}, J. Boudreau¹³⁷, E.V. Bouhova-Thacker⁸⁸, D. Boumediene³⁷, C. Bourdarios¹³⁰, S.K. Boutle⁵⁶, A. Boveia¹²⁴, J. Boyd³⁵,

D. Boye ^{32b,ap}, I.R. Boyko ⁷⁸, A.J. Bozson ⁹², J. Bracinik ²¹, N. Brahimi ¹⁰⁰, G. Brandt ¹⁸⁰, O. Brandt ^{60a}, F. Braren ⁴⁵, U. Bratzler ¹⁶², B. Brau ¹⁰¹, J.E. Brau ¹²⁹, W.D. Breaden Madden ⁵⁶, K. Brendlinger ⁴⁵, L. Brenner ⁴⁵, R. Brenner ¹⁷⁰, S. Bressler ¹⁷⁸, B. Brickwedde ⁹⁸, D.L. Briglin ²¹, D. Britton ⁵⁶, D. Britzger ¹¹⁴, I. Brock ²⁴, R. Brock ¹⁰⁵, G. Brooijmans ³⁸, T. Brooks ⁹², W.K. Brooks ^{145b}, E. Brost ¹²⁰, J.H. Broughton ²¹, P.A. Bruckman de Renstrom ⁸³, D. Bruncko ^{28b}, A. Bruni ^{23b}, G. Bruni ^{23b}, L.S. Bruni ¹¹⁹, S. Bruno ^{72a,72b}, B.H. Brunt ³¹, M. Bruschi ^{23b}, N. Bruscino ¹³⁷, P. Bryant ³⁶, L. Bryngemark ⁹⁵, T. Buanes ¹⁷, Q. Buat ³⁵, P. Buchholz ¹⁴⁹, A.G. Buckley ⁵⁶, I.A. Budagov ⁷⁸, M.K. Bugge ¹³², F. Bühner ⁵¹, O. Bulekov ¹¹¹, T.J. Burch ¹²⁰, S. Burdin ⁸⁹, C.D. Burgard ¹¹⁹, A.M. Burger ¹²⁷, B. Burghgrave ⁸, K. Burka ⁸³, J.T.P. Burr ⁴⁵, V. Büscher ⁹⁸, E. Buschmann ⁵², P. Bussey ⁵⁶, J.M. Butler ²⁵, C.M. Buttar ⁵⁶, J.M. Butterworth ⁹³, P. Butti ³⁵, W. Buttinger ³⁵, A. Buzatu ¹⁵⁶, A.R. Buzykaev ^{121b,121a}, G. Cabras ^{23b,23a}, S. Cabrera Urbán ¹⁷², D. Caforio ¹⁴⁰, H. Cai ¹⁷¹, V.M.M. Cairo ¹⁵¹, O. Cakir ^{4a}, N. Calace ³⁵, P. Calafiura ¹⁸, A. Calandri ¹⁰⁰, G. Calderini ¹³⁴, P. Calfayan ⁶⁴, G. Callea ⁵⁶, L.P. Caloba ^{79b}, S. Calvente Lopez ⁹⁷, D. Calvet ³⁷, S. Calvet ³⁷, T.P. Calvet ¹⁵³, M. Calvetti ^{70a,70b}, R. Camacho Toro ¹³⁴, S. Camarda ³⁵, D. Camarero Munoz ⁹⁷, P. Camarri ^{72a,72b}, D. Cameron ¹³², R. Caminal Armadans ¹⁰¹, C. Camincher ³⁵, S. Campana ³⁵, M. Campanelli ⁹³, A. Camplani ³⁹, A. Campoverde ¹⁴⁹, V. Canale ^{68a,68b}, A. Canesse ¹⁰², M. Cano Bret ^{59c}, J. Cantero ¹²⁷, T. Cao ¹⁵⁹, Y. Cao ¹⁷¹, M.D.M. Capeans Garrido ³⁵, M. Capua ^{40b,40a}, R. Cardarelli ^{72a}, F.C. Cardillo ¹⁴⁷, I. Carli ¹⁴¹, T. Carli ³⁵, G. Carlino ^{68a}, B.T. Carlson ¹³⁷, L. Carminati ^{67a,67b}, R.M.D. Carney ^{44a,44b}, S. Caron ¹¹⁸, E. Carquin ^{145b}, S. Carrá ^{67a,67b}, J.W.S. Carter ¹⁶⁵, M.P. Casado ^{14g}, A.F. Casha ¹⁶⁵, D.W. Casper ¹⁶⁹, R. Castelijin ¹¹⁹, F.L. Castillo ¹⁷², V. Castillo Gimenez ¹⁷², N.F. Castro ^{138a,138e}, A. Catinaccio ³⁵, J.R. Catmore ¹³², A. Cattai ³⁵, J. Caudron ²⁴, V. Cavaliere ²⁹, E. Cavallaro ¹⁴, D. Cavalli ^{67a}, M. Cavalli-Sforza ¹⁴, V. Cavasinni ^{70a,70b}, E. Celebi ^{12b}, L. Cerda Alberich ¹⁷², A.S. Cerqueira ^{79a}, A. Cerri ¹⁵⁴, L. Cerrito ^{72a,72b}, F. Cerutti ¹⁸, A. Cervelli ^{23b,23a}, S.A. Cetin ^{12b}, A. Chafaq ^{34a}, D. Chakraborty ¹²⁰, S.K. Chan ⁵⁸, W.S. Chan ¹¹⁹, W.Y. Chan ⁸⁹, J.D. Chapman ³¹, B. Chargeishvili ^{157b}, D.G. Charlton ²¹, C.C. Chau ³³, C.A. Chavez Barajas ¹⁵⁴, S. Che ¹²⁴, A. Chegwidan ¹⁰⁵, S. Chekanov ⁶, S.V. Chekulaev ^{166a}, G.A. Chelkov ^{78,au}, M.A. Chelstowska ³⁵, B. Chen ⁷⁷, C. Chen ^{59a}, C.H. Chen ⁷⁷, H. Chen ²⁹, J. Chen ^{59a}, J. Chen ³⁸, S. Chen ¹³⁵, S.J. Chen ^{15c}, X. Chen ^{15b,at}, Y. Chen ⁸¹, Y.-H. Chen ⁴⁵, H.C. Cheng ^{62a}, H.J. Cheng ^{15d}, A. Cheplakov ⁷⁸, E. Cheremushkina ¹²², R. Cherkaoui El Moursli ^{34e}, E. Cheu ⁷, K. Cheung ⁶³, T.J.A. Chevaléras ¹⁴³, L. Chevalier ¹⁴³, V. Chiarella ⁵⁰, G. Chiarelli ^{70a}, G. Chiodini ^{66a}, A.S. Chisholm ^{35,21}, A. Chitan ^{27b}, I. Chiu ¹⁶¹, Y.H. Chiu ¹⁷⁴, M.V. Chizhov ⁷⁸, K. Choi ⁶⁴, A.R. Chomont ¹³⁰, S. Chouridou ¹⁶⁰, Y.S. Chow ¹¹⁹, M.C. Chu ^{62a}, J. Chudoba ¹³⁹, A.J. Chuinard ¹⁰², J.J. Chwastowski ⁸³, L. Chytka ¹²⁸, D. Cinca ⁴⁶, V. Cindro ⁹⁰, I.A. Cioară ^{27b}, A. Ciochio ¹⁸, F. Ciotto ^{68a,68b}, Z.H. Citron ¹⁷⁸, M. Citterio ^{67a}, B.M. Ciungu ¹⁶⁵, A. Clark ⁵³, M.R. Clark ³⁸, P.J. Clark ⁴⁹, C. Clement ^{44a,44b}, Y. Coadou ¹⁰⁰, M. Cobal ^{65a,65c}, A. Cocco ^{54b}, J. Cochran ⁷⁷, H. Cohen ¹⁵⁹, A.E.C. Coimbra ¹⁷⁸, L. Colasurdo ¹¹⁸, B. Cole ³⁸, A.P. Colijn ¹¹⁹, J. Collot ⁵⁷, P. Conde Muiño ^{138a,h}, E. Coniavitis ⁵¹, S.H. Connell ^{32b}, I.A. Connelly ⁵⁶, S. Constantinescu ^{27b}, F. Conventi ^{68a,aw}, A.M. Cooper-Sarkar ¹³³, F. Cormier ¹⁷³, K.J.R. Cormier ¹⁶⁵, L.D. Corpe ⁹³, M. Corradi ^{71a,71b}, E.E. Corrigan ⁹⁵, F. Corriveau ^{102,ac}, A. Cortes-Gonzalez ³⁵, M.J. Costa ¹⁷², F. Costanza ⁵, D. Costanzo ¹⁴⁷, G. Cowan ⁹², J.W. Cowley ³¹, J. Crane ⁹⁹, K. Cranmer ¹²³, S.J. Crawley ⁵⁶, R.A. Creager ¹³⁵, S. Crépe-Renaudin ⁵⁷, F. Crescioli ¹³⁴, M. Cristinziani ²⁴, V. Croft ¹¹⁹, G. Crosetti ^{40b,40a}, A. Cueto ⁵, T. Cuhadar Donszelmann ¹⁴⁷, A.R. Cukierman ¹⁵¹, S. Czekierda ⁸³, P. Czodrowski ³⁵, M.J. Da Cunha Sargedas De Sousa ^{59b}, J.V. Da Fonseca Pinto ^{79b}, C. Da Via ⁹⁹, W. Dabrowski ^{82a}, T. Dado ^{28a}, S. Dahbi ^{34e}, T. Dai ¹⁰⁴, C. Dallapiccola ¹⁰¹, M. Dam ³⁹, G. D'amen ^{23b,23a}, J. Damp ⁹⁸, J.R. Dandoy ¹³⁵, M.F. Daneri ³⁰, N.P. Dang ^{179,k}, N.D. Dann ⁹⁹, M. Danninger ¹⁷³, V. Dao ³⁵, G. Darbo ^{54b}, O. Dartsis ⁵, A. Dattagupta ¹²⁹, T. Daubney ⁴⁵, S. D'Auria ^{67a,67b}, W. Davey ²⁴, C. David ⁴⁵, T. Davidek ¹⁴¹, D.R. Davis ⁴⁸, E. Dawe ¹⁰³, I. Dawson ¹⁴⁷, K. De ⁸, R. De Asmundis ^{68a}, A. De Benedetti ¹²⁶, M. De Beurs ¹¹⁹, S. De Castro ^{23b,23a}, S. De Cecco ^{71a,71b}, N. De Groot ¹¹⁸, P. de Jong ¹¹⁹, H. De la Torre ¹⁰⁵, A. De Maria ^{15c}, D. De Pedis ^{71a}, A. De Salvo ^{71a}, U. De Sanctis ^{72a,72b}, M. De Santis ^{72a,72b}, A. De Santo ¹⁵⁴, K. De Vasconcelos Corga ¹⁰⁰, J.B. De Vivie De Regie ¹³⁰, C. Debenedetti ¹⁴⁴, D.V. Dedovich ⁷⁸, M. Del Gaudio ^{40b,40a}, J. Del Peso ⁹⁷, Y. Delabat Diaz ⁴⁵, D. Delgove ¹³⁰, F. Deliot ¹⁴³, C.M. Delitzsch ⁷, M. Della Pietra ^{68a,68b}, D. Della Volpe ⁵³, A. Dell'Acqua ³⁵, L. Dell'Asta ²⁵, M. Delmastro ⁵, C. Delporte ¹³⁰, P.A. Delsart ⁵⁷, D.A. DeMarco ¹⁶⁵, S. Demers ¹⁸¹, M. Demichev ⁷⁸, G. Demontigny ¹⁰⁸, S.P. Denisov ¹²², D. Denysiuk ¹¹⁹, L. D'Eramo ¹³⁴, D. Derendarz ⁸³, J.E. Derkaoui ^{34d}, F. Derue ¹³⁴, P. Dervan ⁸⁹, K. Desch ²⁴, C. Deterre ⁴⁵, K. Dette ¹⁶⁵, M.R. Devesa ³⁰, P.O. Deviveiros ³⁵, A. Dewhurst ¹⁴², S. Dhaliwal ²⁶,

F.A. Di Bello⁵³, A. Di Ciaccio^{72a,72b}, L. Di Ciaccio⁵, W.K. Di Clemente¹³⁵, C. Di Donato^{68a,68b}, A. Di Girolamo³⁵, G. Di Gregorio^{70a,70b}, B. Di Micco^{73a,73b}, R. Di Nardo¹⁰¹, K.F. Di Petrillo⁵⁸, R. Di Sipio¹⁶⁵, D. Di Valentino³³, C. Diaconu¹⁰⁰, F.A. Dias³⁹, T. Dias Do Vale^{138a,138e}, M.A. Diaz^{145a}, J. Dickinson¹⁸, E.B. Diehl¹⁰⁴, J. Dietrich¹⁹, S. Díez Cornell⁴⁵, A. Dimitrievska¹⁸, W. Ding^{15b}, J. Dingfelder²⁴, F. Dittus³⁵, F. Djama¹⁰⁰, T. Djobava^{157b}, J.I. Djuvsland¹⁷, M.A.B. Do Vale^{79c}, M. Dobre^{27b}, D. Dodsworth²⁶, C. Doglioni⁹⁵, J. Dolejsi¹⁴¹, Z. Dolezal¹⁴¹, M. Donadelli^{79d}, B. Dong^{59c}, J. Donini³⁷, A. D'Onofrio⁹¹, M. D'Onofrio⁸⁹, J. Dopke¹⁴², A. Doria^{68a}, M.T. Dova⁸⁷, A.T. Doyle⁵⁶, E. Drechsler¹⁵⁰, E. Dreyer¹⁵⁰, T. Dreyer⁵², Y. Du^{59b}, Y. Duan^{59b}, F. Dubinin¹⁰⁹, M. Dubovsky^{28a}, A. Dubreuil⁵³, E. Duchovni¹⁷⁸, G. Duckeck¹¹³, A. Ducourthial¹³⁴, O.A. Ducu^{108,w}, D. Duda¹¹⁴, A. Dudarev³⁵, A.C. Dudder⁹⁸, E.M. Duffield¹⁸, L. Dufлот¹³⁰, M. Dührssen³⁵, C. Dülse¹⁸⁰, M. Dumancic¹⁷⁸, A.E. Dumitriu^{27b}, A.K. Duncan⁵⁶, M. Dunford^{60a}, A. Duperrin¹⁰⁰, H. Duran Yildiz^{4a}, M. Düren⁵⁵, A. Durglishvili^{157b}, D. Duschinger⁴⁷, B. Dutta⁴⁵, D. Duvnjak¹, G. Dyckes¹³⁵, M. Dyndal⁴⁵, S. Dysch⁹⁹, B.S. Dziedzic⁸³, K.M. Ecker¹¹⁴, R.C. Edgar¹⁰⁴, T. Eifert³⁵, G. Eigen¹⁷, K. Einsweiler¹⁸, T. Ekelof¹⁷⁰, M. El Kacimi^{34c}, R. El Kosseifi¹⁰⁰, V. Ellajosyula¹⁷⁰, M. Ellert¹⁷⁰, F. Ellinghaus¹⁸⁰, A.A. Elliot⁹¹, N. Ellis³⁵, J. Elmsheuser²⁹, M. Elsing³⁵, D. Emelianov¹⁴², A. Emerman³⁸, Y. Enari¹⁶¹, J.S. Ennis¹⁷⁶, M.B. Epland⁴⁸, J. Erdmann⁴⁶, A. Ereditato²⁰, M. Escalier¹³⁰, C. Escobar¹⁷², O. Estrada Pastor¹⁷², A.I. Etienne¹⁴³, E. Etzion¹⁵⁹, H. Evans⁶⁴, A. Ezhilov¹³⁶, M. Ezzi^{34e}, F. Fabbri⁵⁶, L. Fabbri^{23b,23a}, V. Fabiani¹¹⁸, G. Facini⁹³, R.M. Faisca Rodrigues Pereira^{138a}, R.M. Fakhruddinov¹²², S. Falciano^{71a}, P.J. Falke⁵, S. Falke⁵, J. Faltova¹⁴¹, Y. Fang^{15a}, Y. Fang^{15a}, G. Fanourakis⁴³, M. Fanti^{67a,67b}, A. Farbin⁸, A. Farilla^{73a}, E.M. Farina^{69a,69b}, T. Farooque¹⁰⁵, S. Farrell¹⁸, S.M. Farrington¹⁷⁶, P. Farthouat³⁵, F. Fassi^{34e}, P. Fassnacht³⁵, D. Fassouliotis⁹, M. Faucci Giannelli⁴⁹, W.J. Fawcett³¹, L. Fayard¹³⁰, O.L. Fedin^{136,p}, W. Fedorko¹⁷³, M. Feickert⁴¹, S. Feigl¹³², L. Feligioni¹⁰⁰, A. Fell¹⁴⁷, C. Feng^{59b}, E.J. Feng³⁵, M. Feng⁴⁸, M.J. Fenton⁵⁶, A.B. Fenyuk¹²², J. Ferrando⁴⁵, A. Ferrari¹⁷⁰, P. Ferrari¹¹⁹, R. Ferrari^{69a}, D.E. Ferreira de Lima^{60b}, A. Ferrer¹⁷², D. Ferrere⁵³, C. Ferretti¹⁰⁴, F. Fiedler⁹⁸, A. Filipčič⁹⁰, F. Filthaut¹¹⁸, K.D. Finelli²⁵, M.C.N. Fiolhais^{138a,a}, L. Fiorini¹⁷², C. Fischer¹⁴, F. Fischer¹¹³, W.C. Fisher¹⁰⁵, I. Fleck¹⁴⁹, P. Fleischmann¹⁰⁴, R.R.M. Fletcher¹³⁵, T. Flick¹⁸⁰, B.M. Flierl¹¹³, L.M. Flores¹³⁵, L.R. Flores Castillo^{62a}, F.M. Follega^{74a,74b}, N. Fomin¹⁷, G.T. Forcolin^{74a,74b}, A. Formica¹⁴³, F.A. Förster¹⁴, A.C. Forti⁹⁹, A.G. Foster²¹, D. Fournier¹³⁰, H. Fox⁸⁸, S. Fracchia¹⁴⁷, P. Francavilla^{70a,70b}, M. Franchini^{23b,23a}, S. Franchino^{60a}, D. Francis³⁵, L. Franconi²⁰, M. Franklin⁵⁸, M. Frate¹⁶⁹, A.N. Fray⁹¹, B. Freund¹⁰⁸, W.S. Freund^{79b}, E.M. Freundlich⁴⁶, D.C. Frizzell¹²⁶, D. Froidevaux³⁵, J.A. Frost¹³³, C. Fukunaga¹⁶², E. Fullana Torregrosa¹⁷², E. Fumagalli^{54b,54a}, T. Fusayasu¹¹⁵, J. Fuster¹⁷², A. Gabrielli^{23b,23a}, A. Gabrielli¹⁸, G.P. Gach^{82a}, S. Gadatsch⁵³, P. Gadow¹¹⁴, G. Gagliardi^{54b,54a}, L.G. Gagnon¹⁰⁸, C. Galea^{27b}, B. Galhardo^{138a,138c}, E.J. Gallas¹³³, B.J. Gallop¹⁴², P. Gallus¹⁴⁰, G. Galster³⁹, R. Gamboa Goni⁹¹, K.K. Gan¹²⁴, S. Ganguly¹⁷⁸, J. Gao^{59a}, Y. Gao⁸⁹, Y.S. Gao^{151,m}, C. García¹⁷², J.E. García Navarro¹⁷², J.A. García Pascual^{15a}, C. Garcia-Argos⁵¹, M. Garcia-Sciveres¹⁸, R.W. Gardner³⁶, N. Garelli¹⁵¹, S. Gargiulo⁵¹, V. Garonne¹³², A. Gaudiello^{54b,54a}, G. Gaudio^{69a}, I.L. Gavrilenko¹⁰⁹, A. Gavrilyuk¹¹⁰, C. Gay¹⁷³, G. Gaycken²⁴, E.N. Gazis¹⁰, C.N.P. Gee¹⁴², J. Geisen⁵², M. Geisen⁹⁸, M.P. Geisler^{60a}, C. Gemme^{54b}, M.H. Genest⁵⁷, C. Geng¹⁰⁴, S. Gentile^{71a,71b}, S. George⁹², T. Gerialis⁴³, D. Gerbaudo¹⁴, L.O. Gerlach⁵², G. Gessner⁴⁶, S. Ghasemi¹⁴⁹, M. Ghasemi Bostanabad¹⁷⁴, M. Ghneimat²⁴, A. Ghosh⁷⁶, B. Giacobbe^{23b}, S. Giagu^{71a,71b}, N. Giangiacomi^{23b,23a}, P. Giannetti^{70a}, A. Giannini^{68a,68b}, S.M. Gibson⁹², M. Gignac¹⁴⁴, D. Gillberg³³, G. Gilles¹⁸⁰, D.M. Gingrich^{3,av}, M.P. Giordani^{65a,65c}, F.M. Giorgi^{23b}, P.F. Giraud¹⁴³, G. Giugliarelli^{65a,65c}, D. Giugni^{67a}, F. Giuli^{72a,72b}, M. Giulini^{60b}, S. Gkaitatzis¹⁶⁰, I. Gkialas^{9,j}, E.L. Gkoukousis¹⁴, P. Gkoutoumis¹⁰, L.K. Gladilin¹¹², C. Glasman⁹⁷, J. Glatzer¹⁴, P.C.F. Glaysher⁴⁵, A. Glazov⁴⁵, M. Goblirsch-Kolb²⁶, S. Goldfarb¹⁰³, T. Golling⁵³, D. Golubkov¹²², A. Gomes^{138a,138b}, R. Goncalves Gama⁵², R. Gonçalves^{138a,138b}, G. Gonella⁵¹, L. Gonella²¹, A. Gongadze⁷⁸, F. Gonnella²¹, J.L. Gonski⁵⁸, S. González de la Hoz¹⁷², S. Gonzalez-Sevilla⁵³, G.R. Gonzalvo Rodriguez¹⁷², L. Goossens³⁵, P.A. Gorbounov¹¹⁰, H.A. Gordon²⁹, B. Gorini³⁵, E. Gorini^{66a,66b}, A. Gorišek⁹⁰, A.T. Goshaw⁴⁸, C. Gössling⁴⁶, M.I. Gostkin⁷⁸, C.A. Gottardo²⁴, C.R. Goudet¹³⁰, M. Gouighri^{34a}, D. Goujdami^{34c}, A.G. Goussiou¹⁴⁶, N. Govender^{32b,c}, C. Goy⁵, E. Gozani¹⁵⁸, I. Grabowska-Bold^{82a}, P.O.J. Gradin¹⁷⁰, E.C. Graham⁸⁹, J. Gramling¹⁶⁹, E. Gramstad¹³², S. Grancagnolo¹⁹, M. Grandi¹⁵⁴, V. Gratchev¹³⁶, P.M. Gravila^{27f}, F.G. Gravili^{66a,66b}, C. Gray⁵⁶, H.M. Gray¹⁸, C. Greife²⁴, K. Gregersen⁹⁵, I.M. Gregor⁴⁵, P. Grenier¹⁵¹, K. Grevtsov⁴⁵, N.A. Grieser¹²⁶,

J. Griffiths⁸, A.A. Grillo¹⁴⁴, K. Grimm^{151,b}, S. Grinstein^{14,x}, J.-F. Grivaz¹³⁰, S. Groh⁹⁸, E. Gross¹⁷⁸, J. Grosse-Knetter⁵², Z.J. Grout⁹³, C. Grud¹⁰⁴, A. Grummer¹¹⁷, L. Guan¹⁰⁴, W. Guan¹⁷⁹, J. Guenther³⁵, A. Guerguichon¹³⁰, F. Guescini^{166a}, D. Guest¹⁶⁹, R. Gugel⁵¹, B. Gui¹²⁴, T. Guillemain⁵, S. Guindon³⁵, U. Gul⁵⁶, J. Guo^{59c}, W. Guo¹⁰⁴, Y. Guo^{59a,s}, Z. Guo¹⁰⁰, R. Gupta⁴⁵, S. Gurbuz^{12c}, G. Gustavino¹²⁶, P. Gutierrez¹²⁶, C. Gutsche⁹³, C. Guyot¹⁴³, M.P. Guzik^{82a}, C. Gwenlan¹³³, C.B. Gwilliam⁸⁹, A. Haas¹²³, C. Haber¹⁸, H.K. Hadavand⁸, N. Haddad^{34e}, A. Hadeef^{59a}, S. Hageböck³⁵, M. Hagihara¹⁶⁷, M. Haleem¹⁷⁵, J. Haley¹²⁷, G. Halladjian¹⁰⁵, G.D. Hallewell¹⁰⁰, K. Hamacher¹⁸⁰, P. Hamal¹²⁸, K. Hamano¹⁷⁴, H. Hamdaoui^{34e}, G.N. Hamity¹⁴⁷, K. Han^{59a,qj}, L. Han^{59a}, S. Han^{15d}, K. Hanagaki^{80,u}, M. Hance¹⁴⁴, D.M. Handl¹¹³, B. Haney¹³⁵, R. Hankache¹³⁴, P. Hanke^{60a}, E. Hansen⁹⁵, J.B. Hansen³⁹, J.D. Hansen³⁹, M.C. Hansen²⁴, P.H. Hansen³⁹, E.C. Hanson⁹⁹, K. Hara¹⁶⁷, A.S. Hard¹⁷⁹, T. Harenberg¹⁸⁰, S. Harkusha¹⁰⁶, P.F. Harrison¹⁷⁶, N.M. Hartmann¹¹³, Y. Hasegawa¹⁴⁸, A. Hasib⁴⁹, S. Hassani¹⁴³, S. Haug²⁰, R. Hauser¹⁰⁵, L. Hauswald⁴⁷, L.B. Havener³⁸, M. Havranek¹⁴⁰, C.M. Hawkes²¹, R.J. Hawking³⁵, D. Hayden¹⁰⁵, C. Hayes¹⁵³, R.L. Hayes¹⁷³, C.P. Hays¹³³, J.M. Hays⁹¹, H.S. Hayward⁸⁹, S.J. Haywood¹⁴², F. He^{59a}, M.P. Heath⁴⁹, V. Hedberg⁹⁵, L. Heelan⁸, S. Heer²⁴, K.K. Heidegger⁵¹, J. Heilman³³, S. Heim⁴⁵, T. Heim¹⁸, B. Heinemann^{45,aq}, J.J. Heinrich¹²⁹, L. Heinrich³⁵, C. Heinz⁵⁵, J. Hejbal¹³⁹, L. Helary^{60b}, A. Held¹⁷³, S. Hellesund¹³², C.M. Helling¹⁴⁴, S. Hellman^{44a,44b}, C. Helsens³⁵, R.C.W. Henderson⁸⁸, Y. Heng¹⁷⁹, S. Henkelmann¹⁷³, A.M. Henriques Correia³⁵, G.H. Herbert¹⁹, H. Herde²⁶, V. Herget¹⁷⁵, Y. Hernández Jiménez^{32c}, H. Herr⁹⁸, M.G. Herrmann¹¹³, T. Herrmann⁴⁷, G. Herten⁵¹, R. Hertenberger¹¹³, L. Hervas³⁵, T.C. Herwig¹³⁵, G.G. Hesketh⁹³, N.P. Hessey^{166a}, A. Higashida¹⁶¹, S. Higashino⁸⁰, E. Higón-Rodríguez¹⁷², K. Hildebrand³⁶, E. Hill¹⁷⁴, J.C. Hill³¹, K.K. Hill²⁹, K.H. Hiller⁴⁵, S.J. Hillier²¹, M. Hils⁴⁷, I. Hinchliffe¹⁸, F. Hinterkeuser²⁴, M. Hirose¹³¹, S. Hirose⁵¹, D. Hirschbuehl¹⁸⁰, B. Hiti⁹⁰, O. Hladik¹³⁹, D.R. Hlaluku^{32c}, X. Hoad⁴⁹, J. Hobbs¹⁵³, N. Hod¹⁷⁸, M.C. Hodgkinson¹⁴⁷, A. Hoecker³⁵, F. Hoenig¹¹³, D. Hohn⁵¹, D. Hohov¹³⁰, T.R. Holmes³⁶, M. Holzbock¹¹³, L.B.A.H. Hommels³¹, S. Honda¹⁶⁷, T. Honda⁸⁰, T.M. Hong¹³⁷, A. Hönle¹¹⁴, B.H. Hooberman¹⁷¹, W.H. Hopkins⁶, Y. Horii¹¹⁶, P. Horn⁴⁷, A.J. Horton¹⁵⁰, L.A. Horyn³⁶, J.-Y. Hostachy⁵⁷, A. Hostiuc¹⁴⁶, S. Hou¹⁵⁶, A. Hoummada^{34a}, J. Howarth⁹⁹, J. Hoya⁸⁷, M. Hrabovsky¹²⁸, J. Hrdinka⁷⁵, I. Hristova¹⁹, J. Hrivnac¹³⁰, A. Hrynevich¹⁰⁷, T. Hryn'ova⁵, P.J. Hsu⁶³, S.-C. Hsu¹⁴⁶, Q. Hu²⁹, S. Hu^{59c}, Y. Huang^{15a}, Z. Hubacek¹⁴⁰, F. Hubaut¹⁰⁰, M. Huebner²⁴, F. Huegging²⁴, T.B. Huffman¹³³, M. Huhtinen³⁵, R.F.H. Hunter³³, P. Huo¹⁵³, A.M. Hupe³³, N. Huseynov^{78,ae}, J. Huston¹⁰⁵, J. Huth⁵⁸, R. Hyneman¹⁰⁴, S. Hyrych^{28a}, G. Iacobucci⁵³, G. Iakovidis²⁹, I. Ibragimov¹⁴⁹, L. Iconomidou-Fayard¹³⁰, Z. Idrissi^{34e}, P. Iengo³⁵, R. Ignazzi³⁹, O. Igonkina^{119,z}, R. Iguchi¹⁶¹, T. Iizawa⁵³, Y. Ikegami⁸⁰, M. Ikeno⁸⁰, D. Iliadis¹⁶⁰, N. Ilic¹¹⁸, F. Iltzsche⁴⁷, G. Introzzi^{69a,69b}, M. Iodice^{73a}, K. Iordanidou³⁸, V. Ippolito^{71a,71b}, M.F. Isacson¹⁷⁰, N. Ishijima¹³¹, M. Ishino¹⁶¹, M. Ishitsuka¹⁶³, W. Islam¹²⁷, C. Issever¹³³, S. Istin¹⁵⁸, F. Ito¹⁶⁷, J.M. Iturbe Ponce^{62a}, R. Iuppa^{74a,74b}, A. Ivina¹⁷⁸, H. Iwasaki⁸⁰, J.M. Izen⁴², V. Izzo^{68a}, P. Jacka¹³⁹, P. Jackson¹, R.M. Jacobs²⁴, V. Jain², G. Jäkel¹⁸⁰, K.B. Jakobi⁹⁸, K. Jakobs⁵¹, S. Jakobsen⁷⁵, T. Jakoubek¹³⁹, J. Jamieson⁵⁶, D.O. Jamin¹²⁷, R. Jansky⁵³, J. Janssen²⁴, M. Janus⁵², P.A. Janus^{82a}, G. Jarlskog⁹⁵, N. Javadov^{78,ae}, T. Javůrek³⁵, M. Javůrková⁵¹, F. Jeanneau¹⁴³, L. Jeanty¹²⁹, J. Jejelava^{157a,af}, A. Jelinskas¹⁷⁶, P. Jenni^{51,d}, J. Jeong⁴⁵, N. Jeong⁴⁵, S. Jézéquel⁵, H. Ji¹⁷⁹, J. Jia¹⁵³, H. Jiang⁷⁷, Y. Jiang^{59a}, Z. Jiang^{151,q}, S. Jiggins⁵¹, F.A. Jimenez Morales³⁷, J. Jimenez Pena¹⁷², S. Jin^{15c}, A. Jinaru^{27b}, O. Jinnouchi¹⁶³, H. Jivan^{32c}, P. Johansson¹⁴⁷, K.A. Johns⁷, C.A. Johnson⁶⁴, K. Jon-And^{44a,44b}, R.W.L. Jones⁸⁸, S.D. Jones¹⁵⁴, S. Jones⁷, T.J. Jones⁸⁹, J. Jongmanns^{60a}, P.M. Jorge^{138a,138b}, J. Jovicevic^{166a}, X. Ju¹⁸, J.J. Junggeburth¹¹⁴, A. Juste Rozas^{14,x}, A. Kaczmarska⁸³, M. Kado¹³⁰, H. Kagan¹²⁴, M. Kagan¹⁵¹, T. Kaji¹⁷⁷, E. Kajomovitz¹⁵⁸, C.W. Kalderon⁹⁵, A. Kaluza⁹⁸, A. Kamenshchikov¹²², L. Kanjir⁹⁰, Y. Kano¹⁶¹, V.A. Kantserov¹¹¹, J. Kanzaki⁸⁰, L.S. Kaplan¹⁷⁹, D. Kar^{32c}, M.J. Kareem^{166b}, E. Karentzos¹⁰, S.N. Karpov⁷⁸, Z.M. Karpova⁷⁸, V. Kartvelishvili⁸⁸, A.N. Karyukhin¹²², L. Kashif¹⁷⁹, R.D. Kass¹²⁴, A. Kastanas^{44a,44b}, Y. Kataoka¹⁶¹, C. Kato^{59d,59c}, J. Katzy⁴⁵, K. Kawade⁸¹, K. Kawagoe⁸⁶, T. Kawaguchi¹¹⁶, T. Kawamoto¹⁶¹, G. Kawamura⁵², E.F. Kay¹⁷⁴, V.F. Kazanin^{121b,121a}, R. Keeler¹⁷⁴, R. Kehoe⁴¹, J.S. Keller³³, E. Kellermann⁹⁵, J.J. Kempster²¹, J. Kendrick²¹, O. Kepka¹³⁹, S. Kersten¹⁸⁰, B.P. Kerševan⁹⁰, S. Ketabchi Haghighat¹⁶⁵, R.A. Keyes¹⁰², M. Khader¹⁷¹, F. Khalil-Zada¹³, A. Khanov¹²⁷, A.G. Kharlamov^{121b,121a}, T. Kharlamova^{121b,121a}, E.E. Khoda¹⁷³, A. Khodinov¹⁶⁴, T.J. Khoo⁵³, E. Khramov⁷⁸, J. Khubua^{157b}, S. Kido⁸¹, M. Kiehn⁵³, C.R. Kilby⁹², Y.K. Kim³⁶, N. Kimura^{65a,65c}, O.M. Kind¹⁹, B.T. King⁸⁹, D. Kirchmeier⁴⁷, J. Kirk¹⁴², A.E. Kiryunin¹¹⁴, T. Kishimoto¹⁶¹, V. Kitali⁴⁵,

O. Kivernyk⁵, E. Kladiwa^{28b,*}, T. Klapdor-Kleingrothaus⁵¹, M.H. Klein¹⁰⁴, M. Klein⁸⁹, U. Klein⁸⁹, K. Kleinknecht⁹⁸, P. Klimek¹²⁰, A. Klimentov²⁹, T. Klingl²⁴, T. Klioutchnikova³⁵, F.F. Klitzner¹¹³, P. Kluit¹¹⁹, S. Kluth¹¹⁴, E. Kneringer⁷⁵, E.B.F.G. Knoops¹⁰⁰, A. Knue⁵¹, D. Kobayashi⁸⁶, T. Kobayashi¹⁶¹, M. Kobel⁴⁷, M. Kocian¹⁵¹, P. Kodys¹⁴¹, P.T. Koenig²⁴, T. Koffas³³, N.M. Köhler¹¹⁴, T. Koi¹⁵¹, M. Kolb^{60b}, I. Koletsou⁵, T. Kondo⁸⁰, N. Kondrashova^{59c}, K. Köneke⁵¹, A.C. König¹¹⁸, T. Kono⁸⁰, R. Konoplich^{123,am}, V. Konstantinides⁹³, N. Konstantinidis⁹³, B. Konya⁹⁵, R. Kopeliansky⁶⁴, S. Koperny^{82a}, K. Korcyl⁸³, K. Kordas¹⁶⁰, G. Koren¹⁵⁹, A. Korn⁹³, I. Korolkov¹⁴, E.V. Korolkova¹⁴⁷, N. Korotkova¹¹², O. Kortner¹¹⁴, S. Kortner¹¹⁴, T. Kosek¹⁴¹, V.V. Kostyukhin²⁴, A. Kotwal⁴⁸, A. Koulouris¹⁰, A. Kourkoumeli-Charalampidi^{69a,69b}, C. Kourkoumelis⁹, E. Kourlitis¹⁴⁷, V. Kouskoura²⁹, A.B. Kowalewska⁸³, R. Kowalewski¹⁷⁴, C. Kozakai¹⁶¹, W. Kozanecki¹⁴³, A.S. Kozhin¹²², V.A. Kramarenko¹¹², G. Kramberger⁹⁰, D. Krasnopevtsev^{59a}, M.W. Krasny¹³⁴, A. Krasznahorkay³⁵, D. Krauss¹¹⁴, J.A. Kremer^{82a}, J. Kretschmar⁸⁹, P. Krieger¹⁶⁵, A. Krishnan^{60b}, K. Krizka¹⁸, K. Kroeninger⁴⁶, H. Kroha¹¹⁴, J. Kroll¹³⁹, J. Kroll¹³⁵, J. Krstic¹⁶, U. Kruchonak⁷⁸, H. Krüger²⁴, N. Krumnack⁷⁷, M.C. Kruse⁴⁸, T. Kubota¹⁰³, S. Kudah^{4b}, J.T. Kuechler⁴⁵, S. Kuehn³⁵, A. Kugel^{60a}, T. Kuhl⁴⁵, V. Kukhtin⁷⁸, R. Kukla¹⁰⁰, Y. Kulchitsky^{106,ai}, S. Kuleshov^{145b}, Y.P. Kulinich¹⁷¹, M. Kuna⁵⁷, T. Kunigo⁸⁴, A. Kupco¹³⁹, T. Kupfer⁴⁶, O. Kuprash⁵¹, H. Kurashige⁸¹, L.L. Kurchaninov^{166a}, Y.A. Kurochkin¹⁰⁶, A. Kurova¹¹¹, M.G. Kurth^{15d}, E.S. Kuwertz³⁵, M. Kuze¹⁶³, A.K. Kvam¹⁴⁶, J. Kvita¹²⁸, T. Kwan¹⁰², A. La Rosa¹¹⁴, J.L. La Rosa Navarro^{79d}, L. La Rotonda^{40b,40a}, F. La Ruffa^{40b,40a}, C. Lacasta¹⁷², F. Lacava^{71a,71b}, D.P.J. Lack⁹⁹, H. Lacker¹⁹, D. Lacour¹³⁴, E. Ladygin⁷⁸, R. Lafaye⁵, B. Laforge¹³⁴, T. Lagouri^{32c}, S. Lai⁵², S. Lammers⁶⁴, W. Lampl⁷, E. Lançon²⁹, U. Landgraf⁵¹, M.P.J. Landon⁹¹, M.C. Lanfermann⁵³, V.S. Lang⁴⁵, J.C. Lange⁵², R.J. Langenberg³⁵, A.J. Lankford¹⁶⁹, F. Lanni²⁹, K. Lantzsich²⁴, A. Lanza^{69a}, A. Lapertosa^{54b,54a}, S. Laplace¹³⁴, J.F. Laporte¹⁴³, T. Lari^{67a}, F. Lasagni Manghi^{23b,23a}, M. Lassnig³⁵, T.S. Lau^{62a}, A. Laudrain¹³⁰, A. Laurier³³, M. Lavourgna^{68a,68b}, M. Lazzaroni^{67a,67b}, B. Le¹⁰³, O. Le Dortz¹³⁴, E. Le Guirrec¹⁰⁰, M. LeBlanc⁷, T. LeCompte⁶, F. Ledroit-Guillon⁵⁷, C.A. Lee²⁹, G.R. Lee^{145a}, L. Lee⁵⁸, S.C. Lee¹⁵⁶, S.J. Lee³³, B. Lefebvre^{166a}, M. Lefebvre¹⁷⁴, F. Legger¹¹³, C. Leggett¹⁸, K. Lehmann¹⁵⁰, N. Lehmann¹⁸⁰, G. Lehmann Miotto³⁵, W.A. Leight⁴⁵, A. Leisos^{160,v}, M.A.L. Leite^{79d}, R. Leitner¹⁴¹, D. Lellouch¹⁷⁸, K.J.C. Leney⁴¹, T. Lenz²⁴, B. Lenzi³⁵, R. Leone⁷, S. Leone^{70a}, C. Leonidopoulos⁴⁹, A. Leopold¹³⁴, G. Lerner¹⁵⁴, C. Leroy¹⁰⁸, R. Les¹⁶⁵, C.G. Lester³¹, M. Levchenko¹³⁶, J. Levêque⁵, D. Levin¹⁰⁴, L.J. Levinson¹⁷⁸, D.J. Lewis²¹, B. Li^{15b}, B. Li¹⁰⁴, C-Q. Li^{59a,al}, F. Li^{59c}, H. Li^{59a}, H. Li^{59b}, J. Li^{59c}, K. Li¹⁵¹, L. Li^{59c}, M. Li^{15a}, Q. Li^{15d}, Q.Y. Li^{59a}, S. Li^{59d,59c}, X. Li⁴⁵, Y. Li⁴⁵, Z. Liang^{15a}, B. Liberti^{72a}, A. Liblong¹⁶⁵, K. Lie^{62c}, S. Liem¹¹⁹, C.Y. Lin³¹, K. Lin¹⁰⁵, T.H. Lin⁹⁸, R.A. Linck⁶⁴, J.H. Lindon²¹, A.L. Lioni⁵³, E. Lipeles¹³⁵, A. Lipniacka¹⁷, M. Lisovyi^{60b}, T.M. Liss^{171,as}, A. Lister¹⁷³, A.M. Litke¹⁴⁴, J.D. Little⁸, B. Liu⁷⁷, B.L. Liu⁶, H.B. Liu²⁹, H. Liu¹⁰⁴, J.B. Liu^{59a}, J.K.K. Liu¹³³, K. Liu¹³⁴, M. Liu^{59a}, P. Liu¹⁸, Y. Liu^{15d}, Y.L. Liu¹⁰⁴, Y.W. Liu^{59a}, M. Livan^{69a,69b}, A. Lleres⁵⁷, J. Llorente Merino^{15a}, S.L. Lloyd⁹¹, C.Y. Lo^{62b}, F. Lo Sterzo⁴¹, E.M. Lobodzinska⁴⁵, P. Loch⁷, S. Loffredo^{72a,72b}, T. Lohse¹⁹, K. Lohwasser¹⁴⁷, M. Lokajicek¹³⁹, J.D. Long¹⁷¹, R.E. Long⁸⁸, L. Longo³⁵, K.A. Looper¹²⁴, J.A. Lopez^{145b}, I. Lopez Paz⁹⁹, A. Lopez Solis¹⁴⁷, J. Lorenz¹¹³, N. Lorenzo Martinez⁵, M. Losada²², P.J. Lösel¹¹³, A. Lösle⁵¹, X. Lou⁴⁵, X. Lou^{15a}, A. Lounis¹³⁰, J. Love⁶, P.A. Love⁸⁸, J.J. Lozano Bahilo¹⁷², H. Lu^{62a}, M. Lu^{59a}, Y.J. Lu⁶³, H.J. Lubatti¹⁴⁶, C. Luci^{71a,71b}, A. Lucotte⁵⁷, C. Luedtke⁵¹, F. Luehring⁶⁴, I. Luise¹³⁴, L. Luminari^{71a}, B. Lund-Jensen¹⁵², M.S. Lutz¹⁰¹, D. Lynn²⁹, R. Lysak¹³⁹, E. Lytken⁹⁵, F. Lyu^{15a}, V. Lyubushkin⁷⁸, T. Lyubushkina⁷⁸, H. Ma²⁹, L.L. Ma^{59b}, Y. Ma^{59b}, G. Maccarrone⁵⁰, A. Macchiolo¹¹⁴, C.M. Macdonald¹⁴⁷, J. Machado Miguens^{135,138b}, D. Madaffari¹⁷², R. Madar³⁷, W.F. Mader⁴⁷, N. Madysa⁴⁷, J. Maeda⁸¹, K. Maekawa¹⁶¹, S. Maeland¹⁷, T. Maeno²⁹, M. Maerker⁴⁷, A.S. Maevskiy¹¹², V. Magerl⁵¹, N. Magini⁷⁷, D.J. Mahon³⁸, C. Maidantchik^{79b}, T. Maier¹¹³, A. Maio^{138a,138b,138d}, O. Majersky^{28a}, S. Majewski¹²⁹, Y. Makida⁸⁰, N. Makovec¹³⁰, B. Malaescu¹³⁴, Pa. Malecki⁸³, V.P. Maleev¹³⁶, F. Malek⁵⁷, U. Mallik⁷⁶, D. Malon⁶, C. Malone³¹, S. Maltezos¹⁰, S. Malyukov³⁵, J. Mamuzic¹⁷², G. Mancini⁵⁰, I. Mandić⁹⁰, L. Manhaes de Andrade Filho^{79a}, I.M. Maniatis¹⁶⁰, J. Manjarres Ramos⁴⁷, K.H. Mankinen⁹⁵, A. Mann¹¹³, A. Manousos⁷⁵, B. Mansoulie¹⁴³, I. Manthos¹⁶⁰, S. Manzoni¹¹⁹, A. Marantis¹⁶⁰, G. Marceca³⁰, L. Marchese¹³³, G. Marchiori¹³⁴, M. Marcisovsky¹³⁹, C. Marcon⁹⁵, C.A. Marin Tobon³⁵, M. Marjanovic³⁷, F. Marroquim^{79b}, Z. Marshall¹⁸, M.U.F. Martensson¹⁷⁰, S. Marti-Garcia¹⁷², C.B. Martin¹²⁴, T.A. Martin¹⁷⁶, V.J. Martin⁴⁹, B. Martin dit Latour¹⁷, M. Martinez^{14,x}, V.I. Martinez Outschoorn¹⁰¹,

S. Martin-Haugh¹⁴², V.S. Martoiu^{27b}, A.C. Martyniuk⁹³, A. Marzin³⁵, L. Masetti⁹⁸, T. Mashimo¹⁶¹, R. Mashinistov¹⁰⁹, J. Masik⁹⁹, A.L. Maslennikov^{121b,121a}, L.H. Mason¹⁰³, L. Massa^{72a,72b}, P. Massarotti^{68a,68b}, P. Mastrandrea^{70a,70b}, A. Mastroberardino^{40b,40a}, T. Masubuchi¹⁶¹, A. Matic¹¹³, P. Mättig²⁴, J. Maurer^{27b}, B. Maček⁹⁰, S.J. Maxfield⁸⁹, D.A. Maximov^{121b,121a}, R. Mazini¹⁵⁶, I. Maznas¹⁶⁰, S.M. Mazza¹⁴⁴, S.P. Mc Kee¹⁰⁴, A. McCarn Deiana⁴¹, T.G. McCarthy¹¹⁴, L.I. McClymont⁹³, W.P. McCormack¹⁸, E.F. McDonald¹⁰³, J.A. Mcfayden³⁵, G. Mchedlidze⁵², M.A. McKay⁴¹, K.D. McLean¹⁷⁴, S.J. McMahon¹⁴², P.C. McNamara¹⁰³, C.J. McNicol¹⁷⁶, R.A. McPherson^{174,ac}, J.E. Mdhluli^{32c}, Z.A. Meadows¹⁰¹, S. Meehan¹⁴⁶, T.M. Megy⁵¹, S. Mehlhase¹¹³, A. Mehta⁸⁹, T. Meideck⁵⁷, B. Meirose⁴², D. Melini¹⁷², B.R. Mellado Garcia^{32c}, J.D. Mellenthin⁵², M. Melo^{28a}, F. Meloni⁴⁵, A. Melzer²⁴, S.B. Menary⁹⁹, E.D. Mendes Gouveia^{138a,138e}, L. Meng³⁵, X.T. Meng¹⁰⁴, S. Menke¹¹⁴, E. Meoni^{40b,40a}, S. Mergelmeyer¹⁹, S.A.M. Merkt¹³⁷, C. Merlassino²⁰, P. Mermod⁵³, L. Merola^{68a,68b}, C. Meroni^{67a}, O. Meshkov¹¹², J.K.R. Meshreki¹⁴⁹, A. Messina^{71a,71b}, J. Metcalfe⁶, A.S. Mete¹⁶⁹, C. Meyer⁶⁴, J. Meyer¹⁵⁸, J.-P. Meyer¹⁴³, H. Meyer Zu Theenhausen^{60a}, F. Miano¹⁵⁴, R.P. Middleton¹⁴², L. Mijović⁴⁹, G. Mikenberg¹⁷⁸, M. Mikestikova¹³⁹, M. Mikuž⁹⁰, H. Mildner¹⁴⁷, M. Milesi¹⁰³, A. Milic¹⁶⁵, D.A. Millar⁹¹, D.W. Miller³⁶, A. Milov¹⁷⁸, D.A. Milstead^{44a,44b}, R.A. Mina^{151,q}, A.A. Minaenko¹²², M. Miñano Moya¹⁷², I.A. Minashvili^{157b}, A.I. Mincer¹²³, B. Mindur^{82a}, M. Mineev⁷⁸, Y. Minegishi¹⁶¹, Y. Ming¹⁷⁹, L.M. Mir¹⁴, A. Mirto^{66a,66b}, K.P. Mistry¹³⁵, T. Mitani¹⁷⁷, J. Mitrevski¹¹³, V.A. Mitsou¹⁷², M. Mittal^{59c}, A. Miucci²⁰, P.S. Miyagawa¹⁴⁷, A. Mizukami⁸⁰, J.U. Mjörnmark⁹⁵, T. Mkrtchyan¹⁸², M. Mlynarikova¹⁴¹, T. Moa^{44a,44b}, K. Mochizuki¹⁰⁸, P. Mogg⁵¹, S. Mohapatra³⁸, R. Moles-Valls²⁴, M.C. Mondragon¹⁰⁵, K. Mönig⁴⁵, J. Monk³⁹, E. Monnier¹⁰⁰, A. Montalbano¹⁵⁰, J. Montejo Berlingen³⁵, M. Montella⁹³, F. Monticelli⁸⁷, S. Monzani^{67a}, N. Morange¹³⁰, D. Moreno²², M. Moreno Llácer³⁵, P. Morettini^{54b}, M. Morgenstern¹¹⁹, S. Morgenstern⁴⁷, D. Mori¹⁵⁰, M. Morii⁵⁸, M. Morinaga¹⁷⁷, V. Morisbak¹³², A.K. Morley³⁵, G. Mornacchi³⁵, A.P. Morris⁹³, L. Morvaj¹⁵³, P. Moschovakos¹⁰, B. Moser¹¹⁹, M. Mosidze^{157b}, H.J. Moss¹⁴⁷, J. Moss^{151,n}, K. Motohashi¹⁶³, E. Mountricha³⁵, E.J.W. Moyse¹⁰¹, S. Muanza¹⁰⁰, F. Mueller¹¹⁴, J. Mueller¹³⁷, R.S.P. Mueller¹¹³, D. Muenstermann⁸⁸, G.A. Mullier⁹⁵, J.L. Munoz Martinez¹⁴, F.J. Munoz Sanchez⁹⁹, P. Murin^{28b}, W.J. Murray^{176,142}, A. Murrone^{67a,67b}, M. Muškinja¹⁸, C. Mwewa^{32a}, A.G. Myagkov^{122,an}, J. Myers¹²⁹, M. Myska¹⁴⁰, B.P. Nachman¹⁸, O. Nackenhorst⁴⁶, A. Nag Nag⁴⁷, K. Nagai¹³³, K. Nagano⁸⁰, Y. Nagasaka⁶¹, M. Nagel⁵¹, E. Nagy¹⁰⁰, A.M. Nairz³⁵, Y. Nakahama¹¹⁶, K. Nakamura⁸⁰, T. Nakamura¹⁶¹, I. Nakano¹²⁵, H. Nanjo¹³¹, F. Napolitano^{60a}, R.F. Naranjo Garcia⁴⁵, R. Narayan¹¹, D.I. Narrias Villar^{60a}, I. Naryshkin¹³⁶, T. Naumann⁴⁵, G. Navarro²², H.A. Neal^{104,*}, P.Y. Nechaeva¹⁰⁹, F. Nechansky⁴⁵, T.J. Neep²¹, A. Negri^{69a,69b}, M. Negrini^{23b}, S. Nektarijevic¹¹⁸, C. Nellist⁵², M.E. Nelson¹³³, S. Nemecek¹³⁹, P. Nemethy¹²³, M. Nessi^{35,f}, M.S. Neubauer¹⁷¹, M. Neumann¹⁸⁰, P.R. Newman²¹, T.Y. Ng^{62c}, Y.S. Ng¹⁹, Y.W.Y. Ng¹⁶⁹, H.D.N. Nguyen¹⁰⁰, T. Nguyen Manh¹⁰⁸, E. Nibigira³⁷, R.B. Nickerson¹³³, R. Nicolaidou¹⁴³, D.S. Nielsen³⁹, J. Nielsen¹⁴⁴, N. Nikiforou¹¹, V. Nikolaenko^{122,an}, I. Nikolic-Audit¹³⁴, K. Nikolopoulos²¹, P. Nilsson²⁹, H.R. Nindhito⁵³, Y. Ninomiya⁸⁰, A. Nisati^{71a}, N. Nishu^{59c}, R. Nisius¹¹⁴, I. Nitsche⁴⁶, T. Nitta¹⁷⁷, T. Nobe¹⁶¹, Y. Noguchi⁸⁴, M. Nomachi¹³¹, I. Nomidis¹³⁴, M.A. Nomura²⁹, M. Nordberg³⁵, N. Norjoharuddeen¹³³, T. Novak⁹⁰, O. Novgorodova⁴⁷, R. Novotny¹⁴⁰, L. Nozka¹²⁸, K. Ntekas¹⁶⁹, E. Nurse⁹³, F. Nuti¹⁰³, F.G. Oakham^{33,av}, H. Oberlack¹¹⁴, J. Ocariz¹³⁴, A. Ochi⁸¹, I. Ochoa³⁸, J.P. Ochoa-Ricoux^{145a}, K. O'Connor²⁶, S. Oda⁸⁶, S. Odaka⁸⁰, S. Oerdek⁵², A. Ogrodnik^{82a}, A. Oh⁹⁹, S.H. Oh⁴⁸, C.C. Ohm¹⁵², H. Oide^{54b,54a}, M.L. Ojeda¹⁶⁵, H. Okawa¹⁶⁷, Y. Okazaki⁸⁴, Y. Okumura¹⁶¹, T. Okuyama⁸⁰, A. Olariu^{27b}, L.F. Oleiro Seabra^{138a}, S.A. Olivares Pino^{145a}, D. Oliveira Damazio²⁹, J.L. Oliver¹, M.J.R. Olsson¹⁶⁹, A. Olszewski⁸³, J. Olszowska⁸³, D.C. O'Neil¹⁵⁰, A. Onofre^{138a,138e}, K. Onogi¹¹⁶, P.U.E. Onyisi¹¹, H. Oppen¹³², M.J. Oreglia³⁶, G.E. Orellana⁸⁷, Y. Oren¹⁵⁹, D. Orestano^{73a,73b}, N. Orlando¹⁴, R.S. Orr¹⁶⁵, B. Osculati^{54b,54a,*}, V. O'Shea⁵⁶, R. Ospanov^{59a}, G. Otero y Garzon³⁰, H. Otono⁸⁶, M. Ouchrif^{34d}, F. Ould-Saada¹³², A. Ouraou¹⁴³, Q. Ouyang^{15a}, M. Owen⁵⁶, R.E. Owen²¹, V.E. Ozcan^{12c}, N. Ozturk⁸, J. Pacalt¹²⁸, H.A. Pacey³¹, K. Pachal⁴⁸, A. Pacheco Pages¹⁴, C. Padilla Aranda¹⁴, S. Pagan Griso¹⁸, M. Paganini¹⁸¹, G. Palacino⁶⁴, S. Palazzo⁴⁹, S. Palestini³⁵, M. Palka^{82b}, D. Pallin³⁷, I. Panagoulas¹⁰, C.E. Pandini³⁵, J.G. Panduro Vazquez⁹², P. Pani⁴⁵, G. Panizzo^{65a,65c}, L. Paolozzi⁵³, C. Papadatos¹⁰⁸, K. Papageorgiou^{9,j}, A. Paramonov⁶, D. Paredes Hernandez^{62b}, S.R. Paredes Saenz¹³³, B. Parida¹⁶⁴, T.H. Park¹⁶⁵, A.J. Parker⁸⁸, M.A. Parker³¹, F. Parodi^{54b,54a}, E.W.P. Parrish¹²⁰, J.A. Parsons³⁸, U. Parzefall⁵¹, L. Pascual Dominguez¹³⁴,

V.R. Pascuzzi¹⁶⁵, J.M.P. Pasner¹⁴⁴, E. Pasqualucci^{71a}, S. Passaggio^{54b}, F. Pastore⁹², P. Pasuwan^{44a,44b}, S. Pataaraia⁹⁸, J.R. Pater⁹⁹, A. Pathak^{179,k}, T. Pauly³⁵, B. Pearson¹¹⁴, M. Pedersen¹³², L. Pedraza Diaz¹¹⁸, R. Pedro^{138a,138b}, S.V. Peleganchuk^{121b,121a}, O. Penc¹³⁹, C. Peng^{15a}, H. Peng^{59a}, B.S. Peralva^{79a}, M.M. Perego¹³⁰, A.P. Pereira Peixoto^{138a,138e}, D.V. Perepelitsa²⁹, F. Peri¹⁹, L. Perini^{67a,67b}, H. Pernegger³⁵, S. Perrella^{68a,68b}, V.D. Peshekhonov^{78,*}, K. Peters⁴⁵, R.F.Y. Peters⁹⁹, B.A. Petersen³⁵, T.C. Petersen³⁹, E. Petit⁵⁷, A. Petridis¹, C. Petridou¹⁶⁰, P. Petroff¹³⁰, M. Petrov¹³³, F. Petrucci^{73a,73b}, M. Pettee¹⁸¹, N.E. Pettersson¹⁰¹, K. Petukhova¹⁴¹, A. Peyaud¹⁴³, R. Pezoa^{145b}, T. Pham¹⁰³, F.H. Phillips¹⁰⁵, P.W. Phillips¹⁴², M.W. Phipps¹⁷¹, G. Piacquadio¹⁵³, E. Pianori¹⁸, A. Picazio¹⁰¹, R.H. Pickles⁹⁹, R. Piegaia³⁰, D. Pietreanu^{27b}, J.E. Pilcher³⁶, A.D. Pilkington⁹⁹, M. Pinamonti^{72a,72b}, J.L. Pinfold³, M. Pitt¹⁷⁸, L. Pizzimento^{72a,72b}, M.-A. Pleier²⁹, V. Pleskot¹⁴¹, E. Plotnikova⁷⁸, D. Pluth⁷⁷, P. Podberezko^{121b,121a}, R. Poettgen⁹⁵, R. Poggi⁵³, L. Poggioli¹³⁰, I. Pogrebnyak¹⁰⁵, D. Pohl²⁴, I. Pokharel⁵², G. Polesello^{69a}, A. Poley¹⁸, A. Policicchio^{71a,71b}, R. Polifka³⁵, A. Polini^{23b}, C.S. Pollard⁴⁵, V. Polychronakos²⁹, D. Ponomarenko¹¹¹, L. Pontecorvo³⁵, S. Popa^{27a}, G.A. Popeneciu^{27d}, D.M. Portillo Quintero¹³⁴, S. Pospisil¹⁴⁰, K. Potamianos⁴⁵, I.N. Potrap⁷⁸, C.J. Potter³¹, H. Potti¹¹, T. Poulsen⁹⁵, J. Poveda³⁵, T.D. Powell¹⁴⁷, G. Pownall⁴⁵, M.E. Pozo Astigarraga³⁵, P. Pralavorio¹⁰⁰, S. Prell⁷⁷, D. Price⁹⁹, M. Primavera^{66a}, S. Prince¹⁰², M.L. Proffitt¹⁴⁶, N. Proklova¹¹¹, K. Prokofiev^{62c}, F. Prokoshin^{145b}, S. Protopopescu²⁹, J. Proudfoot⁶, M. Przybycien^{82a}, A. Puri¹⁷¹, P. Puzo¹³⁰, J. Qian¹⁰⁴, Y. Qin⁹⁹, A. Quadt⁵², M. Queitsch-Maitland⁴⁵, A. Qureshi¹, P. Rados¹⁰³, F. Ragusa^{67a,67b}, G. Rahal⁹⁶, J.A. Raine⁵³, S. Rajagopalan²⁹, A. Ramirez Morales⁹¹, K. Ran^{15d}, T. Rashid¹³⁰, S. Raspopov⁵, M.G. Ratti^{67a,67b}, D.M. Rauch⁴⁵, F. Rauscher¹¹³, S. Rave⁹⁸, B. Ravina¹⁴⁷, I. Ravinovitch¹⁷⁸, J.H. Rawling⁹⁹, M. Raymond³⁵, A.L. Read¹³², N.P. Readioff⁵⁷, M. Reale^{66a,66b}, D.M. Rebuzzi^{69a,69b}, A. Redelbach¹⁷⁵, G. Redlinger²⁹, R.G. Reed^{32c}, K. Reeves⁴², L. Rehnisch¹⁹, J. Reichert¹³⁵, D. Reikher¹⁵⁹, A. Reiss⁹⁸, A. Rej¹⁴⁹, C. Rembser³⁵, H. Ren^{15a}, M. Rescigno^{71a}, S. Resconi^{67a}, E.D. Resseguie¹³⁵, S. Rettie¹⁷³, E. Reynolds²¹, O.L. Rezanova^{121b,121a}, P. Reznicek¹⁴¹, E. Ricci^{74a,74b}, R. Richter¹¹⁴, S. Richter⁴⁵, E. Richter-Was^{82b}, O. Ricken²⁴, M. Ridel¹³⁴, P. Rieck¹¹⁴, C.J. Riegel¹⁸⁰, O. Rifki⁴⁵, M. Rijssenbeek¹⁵³, A. Rimoldi^{69a,69b}, M. Rimoldi²⁰, L. Rinaldi^{23b}, G. Ripellino¹⁵², B. Ristić⁸⁸, E. Ritsch³⁵, I. Riu¹⁴, J.C. Rivera Vergara^{145a}, F. Rizatdinova¹²⁷, E. Rizvi⁹¹, C. Rizzi³⁵, R.T. Roberts⁹⁹, S.H. Robertson^{102,ac}, M. Robin⁴⁵, D. Robinson³¹, J.E.M. Robinson⁴⁵, A. Robson⁵⁶, E. Rocco⁹⁸, C. Roda^{70a,70b}, Y. Rodina¹⁰⁰, S. Rodriguez Bosca¹⁷², A. Rodriguez Perez¹⁴, D. Rodriguez Rodriguez¹⁷², A.M. Rodríguez Vera^{166b}, S. Roe³⁵, O. Røhne¹³², R. Röhrig¹¹⁴, C.P.A. Roland⁶⁴, J. Roloff⁵⁸, A. Romaniouk¹¹¹, M. Romano^{23b,23a}, N. Rompotis⁸⁹, M. Ronzani¹²³, L. Roos¹³⁴, S. Rosati^{71a}, K. Rosbach⁵¹, N.-A. Rosien⁵², G. Rosin¹⁰¹, B.J. Rosser¹³⁵, E. Rossi⁴⁵, E. Rossi^{73a,73b}, E. Rossi^{68a,68b}, L.P. Rossi^{54b}, L. Rossini^{67a,67b}, J.H.N. Rosten³¹, R. Rosten¹⁴, M. Rotaru^{27b}, J. Rothberg¹⁴⁶, D. Rousseau¹³⁰, D. Roy^{32c}, A. Rozanov¹⁰⁰, Y. Rozen¹⁵⁸, X. Ruan^{32c}, F. Rubbo¹⁵¹, F. Rühr⁵¹, A. Ruiz-Martinez¹⁷², A. Rummler³⁵, Z. Rurikova⁵¹, N.A. Rusakovich⁷⁸, H.L. Russell¹⁰², L. Rustige^{37,46}, J.P. Rutherford⁷, E.M. Rüttinger^{45,l}, Y.F. Ryabov¹³⁶, M. Rybar³⁸, G. Rybkin¹³⁰, A. Ryzhov¹²², G.F. Rzehorz⁵², P. Sabatini⁵², G. Sabato¹¹⁹, S. Sacerdoti¹³⁰, H.F.-W. Sadrozinski¹⁴⁴, R. Sadykov⁷⁸, F. Safai Tehrani^{71a}, P. Saha¹²⁰, S. Saha¹⁰², M. Sahinsoy^{60a}, A. Sahu¹⁸⁰, M. Saimpert⁴⁵, M. Saito¹⁶¹, T. Saito¹⁶¹, H. Sakamoto¹⁶¹, A. Sakharov^{123,am}, D. Salamani⁵³, G. Salamanna^{73a,73b}, J.E. Salazar Loyola^{145b}, P.H. Sales De Bruin¹⁷⁰, D. Salihagic^{114,*}, A. Salnikov¹⁵¹, J. Salt¹⁷², D. Salvatore^{40b,40a}, F. Salvatore¹⁵⁴, A. Salvucci^{62a,62b,62c}, A. Salzburger³⁵, J. Samarati³⁵, D. Sammel⁵¹, D. Sampsonidis¹⁶⁰, D. Sampsonidou¹⁶⁰, J. Sánchez¹⁷², A. Sanchez Pineda^{65a,65c}, H. Sandaker¹³², C.O. Sander⁴⁵, M. Sandhoff¹⁸⁰, C. Sandoval²², D.P.C. Sankey¹⁴², M. Sannino^{54b,54a}, Y. Sano¹¹⁶, A. Sansoni⁵⁰, C. Santoni³⁷, H. Santos^{138a,138b}, S.N. Santpur¹⁸, A. Santra¹⁷², A. Saprnov⁷⁸, J.G. Saraiva^{138a,138d}, O. Sasaki⁸⁰, K. Sato¹⁶⁷, E. Sauvan⁵, P. Savard^{165,av}, N. Savic¹¹⁴, R. Sawada¹⁶¹, C. Sawyer¹⁴², L. Sawyer^{94,ak}, C. Sbarra^{23b}, A. Sbrizzi^{23a}, T. Scanlon⁹³, J. Schaarschmidt¹⁴⁶, P. Schacht¹¹⁴, B.M. Schachtner¹¹³, D. Schaefer³⁶, L. Schaefer¹³⁵, J. Schaeffer⁹⁸, S. Schaepe³⁵, U. Schäfer⁹⁸, A.C. Schaffer¹³⁰, D. Schaile¹¹³, R.D. Schamberger¹⁵³, N. Scharmberg⁹⁹, V.A. Schegelsky¹³⁶, D. Scheirich¹⁴¹, F. Schenck¹⁹, M. Schernau¹⁶⁹, C. Schiavi^{54b,54a}, S. Schier¹⁴⁴, L.K. Schildgen²⁴, Z.M. Schillaci²⁶, E.J. Schioppa³⁵, M. Schioppa^{40b,40a}, K.E. Schleicher⁵¹, S. Schlenker³⁵, K.R. Schmidt-Sommerfeld¹¹⁴, K. Schmieden³⁵, C. Schmitt⁹⁸, S. Schmitt⁴⁵, S. Schmitz⁹⁸, J.C. Schmoeckel⁴⁵, U. Schnoor⁵¹, L. Schoeffel¹⁴³, A. Schoening^{60b}, E. Schopf¹³³, M. Schott⁹⁸, J.F.P. Schouwenberg¹¹⁸, J. Schovancova³⁵, S. Schramm⁵³, F. Schroeder¹⁸⁰, A. Schulte⁹⁸,

H.-C. Schultz-Coulon^{60a}, M. Schumacher⁵¹, B.A. Schumm¹⁴⁴, Ph. Schune¹⁴³, A. Schwartzman¹⁵¹, T.A. Schwarz¹⁰⁴, Ph. Schwemling¹⁴³, R. Schwiehorst¹⁰⁵, A. Sciandra²⁴, G. Sciolla²⁶, M. Scornajenghi^{40b,40a}, F. Scuri^{70a}, F. Scutti¹⁰³, L.M. Scyboz¹¹⁴, C.D. Sebastiani^{71a,71b}, P. Seema¹⁹, S.C. Seidel¹¹⁷, A. Seiden¹⁴⁴, T. Seiss³⁶, J.M. Seixas^{79b}, G. Sekhniaidze^{68a}, K. Sekhon¹⁰⁴, S.J. Sekula⁴¹, N. Semprini-Cesari^{23b,23a}, S. Sen⁴⁸, S. Senkin³⁷, C. Serfon⁷⁵, L. Serin¹³⁰, L. Serkin^{65a,65b}, M. Sessa^{59a}, H. Severini¹²⁶, F. Sforza¹⁶⁸, A. Sfyrla⁵³, E. Shabalina⁵², J.D. Shahinian¹⁴⁴, N.W. Shaikh^{44a,44b}, D. Shaked Renous¹⁷⁸, L.Y. Shan^{15a}, R. Shang¹⁷¹, J.T. Shank²⁵, M. Shapiro¹⁸, A.S. Sharma¹, A. Sharma¹³³, P.B. Shatalov¹¹⁰, K. Shaw¹⁵⁴, S.M. Shaw⁹⁹, A. Shcherbakova¹³⁶, Y. Shen¹²⁶, N. Sherafati³³, A.D. Sherman²⁵, P. Sherwood⁹³, L. Shi^{156,ar}, S. Shimizu⁸⁰, C.O. Shimmin¹⁸¹, Y. Shimogama¹⁷⁷, M. Shimojima¹¹⁵, I.P.J. Shipsey¹³³, S. Shirabe⁸⁶, M. Shiyakova^{78,aa}, J. Shlomi¹⁷⁸, A. Shmeleva¹⁰⁹, M.J. Shochet³⁶, S. Shojaii¹⁰³, D.R. Shope¹²⁶, S. Shrestha¹²⁴, E. Shulga¹¹¹, P. Sicho¹³⁹, A.M. Sickles¹⁷¹, P.E. Sidebo¹⁵², E. Sideras Haddad^{32c}, O. Sidiropoulou³⁵, A. Sidoti^{23b,23a}, F. Siegert⁴⁷, Dj. Sijacki¹⁶, M. Silva Jr.¹⁷⁹, M.V. Silva Oliveira^{79a}, S.B. Silverstein^{44a}, S. Simion¹³⁰, E. Simioni⁹⁸, M. Simon⁹⁸, R. Simoniello⁹⁸, P. Sinervo¹⁶⁵, N.B. Sinev¹²⁹, M. Sioli^{23b,23a}, I. Siral¹⁰⁴, S.Yu. Sivoklov¹¹², J. Sjölin^{44a,44b}, E. Skorda⁹⁵, P. Skubic¹²⁶, M. Slawinska⁸³, K. Sliwa¹⁶⁸, R. Slovak¹⁴¹, V. Smakhtin¹⁷⁸, B.H. Smart¹⁴², J. Smiesko^{28a}, N. Smirnov¹¹¹, S.Yu. Smirnov¹¹¹, Y. Smirnov¹¹¹, L.N. Smirnova¹¹², O. Smirnova⁹⁵, J.W. Smith⁵², M. Smizanska⁸⁸, K. Smolek¹⁴⁰, A. Smykiewicz⁸³, A.A. Snesarev¹⁰⁹, I.M. Snyder¹²⁹, S. Snyder²⁹, R. Sobie^{174,ac}, A.M. Soffa¹⁶⁹, A. Soffer¹⁵⁹, A. Søgaard⁴⁹, F. Sohns⁵², G. Sokhrannyi⁹⁰, C.A. Solans Sanchez³⁵, E.Yu. Soldatov¹¹¹, U. Soldevila¹⁷², A.A. Solodkov¹²², A. Soloshenko⁷⁸, O.V. Solovyanov¹²², V. Solovyev¹³⁶, P. Sommer¹⁴⁷, H. Son¹⁶⁸, W. Song¹⁴², W.Y. Song^{166b}, A. Sopczak¹⁴⁰, F. Sopkova^{28b}, C.L. Sotiropoulou^{70a,70b}, S. Sottocornola^{69a,69b}, R. Soualah^{65a,65c,i}, A.M. Soukharev^{121b,121a}, D. South⁴⁵, S. Spagnolo^{66a,66b}, M. Spalla¹¹⁴, M. Spangenberg¹⁷⁶, F. Spanò⁹², D. Sperlich¹⁹, T.M. Spieker^{60a}, R. Spighi^{23b}, G. Spigo³⁵, L.A. Spiller¹⁰³, M. Spina¹⁵⁴, D.P. Spiteri⁵⁶, M. Spousta¹⁴¹, A. Stabile^{67a,67b}, B.L. Stamas¹²⁰, R. Stamen^{60a}, M. Stamenkovic¹¹⁹, S. Stamm¹⁹, E. Stanecka⁸³, R.W. Stanek⁶, B. Stanislaus¹³³, M.M. Stanitzki⁴⁵, M. Stankaityte¹³³, B. Stapf¹¹⁹, E.A. Starchenko¹²², G.H. Stark¹⁴⁴, J. Stark⁵⁷, S.H. Stark³⁹, P. Staroba¹³⁹, P. Starovoitov^{60a}, S. Stärz¹⁰², R. Staszewski⁸³, G. Stavropoulos⁴³, M. Stegler⁴⁵, P. Steinberg²⁹, B. Stelzer¹⁵⁰, H.J. Stelzer³⁵, O. Stelzer-Chilton^{166a}, H. Stenzel⁵⁵, T.J. Stevenson¹⁵⁴, G.A. Stewart³⁵, M.C. Stockton³⁵, G. Stoica^{27b}, M. Stolarski^{138a}, P. Stolte⁵², S. Stonjek¹¹⁴, A. Straessner⁴⁷, J. Strandberg¹⁵², S. Strandberg^{44a,44b}, M. Strauss¹²⁶, P. Strizenec^{28b}, R. Ströhmer¹⁷⁵, D.M. Strom¹²⁹, R. Stroynowski⁴¹, A. Strubig⁴⁹, S.A. Stucci²⁹, B. Stugu¹⁷, J. Stupak¹²⁶, N.A. Styles⁴⁵, D. Su¹⁵¹, S. Suchek^{60a}, Y. Sugaya¹³¹, V.V. Sulin¹⁰⁹, M.J. Sullivan⁸⁹, D.M.S. Sultan⁵³, S. Sultansoy^{4c}, T. Sumida⁸⁴, S. Sun¹⁰⁴, X. Sun³, K. Suruliz¹⁵⁴, C.J.E. Suster¹⁵⁵, M.R. Sutton¹⁵⁴, S. Suzuki⁸⁰, M. Svatos¹³⁹, M. Swiatlowski³⁶, S.P. Swift², A. Sydorenko⁹⁸, I. Sykora^{28a}, M. Sykora¹⁴¹, T. Sykora¹⁴¹, D. Ta⁹⁸, K. Tackmann^{45,y}, J. Taenzer¹⁵⁹, A. Taffard¹⁶⁹, R. Tafirout^{166a}, E. Tahirovic⁹¹, H. Takai²⁹, R. Takashima⁸⁵, K. Takeda⁸¹, T. Takeshita¹⁴⁸, E.P. Takeva⁴⁹, Y. Takubo⁸⁰, M. Talby¹⁰⁰, A.A. Talyshev^{121b,121a}, N.M. Tamir¹⁵⁹, J. Tanaka¹⁶¹, M. Tanaka¹⁶³, R. Tanaka¹³⁰, B.B. Tannenwald¹²⁴, S. Tapia Araya¹⁷¹, S. Tapprogge⁹⁸, A. Tarek Abouelfadl Mohamed¹³⁴, S. Tarem¹⁵⁸, G. Tarna^{27b,e}, G.F. Tartarelli^{67a}, P. Tas¹⁴¹, M. Tasevsky¹³⁹, T. Tashiro⁸⁴, E. Tassi^{40b,40a}, A. Tavares Delgado^{138a,138b}, Y. Tayalati^{34e}, A.J. Taylor⁴⁹, G.N. Taylor¹⁰³, P.T.E. Taylor¹⁰³, W. Taylor^{166b}, A.S. Tee⁸⁸, R. Teixeira De Lima¹⁵¹, P. Teixeira-Dias⁹², H. Ten Kate³⁵, J.J. Teoh¹¹⁹, S. Terada⁸⁰, K. Terashi¹⁶¹, J. Terron⁹⁷, S. Terzo¹⁴, M. Testa⁵⁰, R.J. Teuscher^{165,ac}, S.J. Thais¹⁸¹, T. Theveneaux-Pelzer⁴⁵, F. Thiele³⁹, D.W. Thomas⁹², J.O. Thomas⁴¹, J.P. Thomas²¹, A.S. Thompson⁵⁶, P.D. Thompson²¹, L.A. Thomsen¹⁸¹, E. Thomson¹³⁵, Y. Tian³⁸, R.E. Ticse Torres⁵², V.O. Tikhomirov^{109,ao}, Yu.A. Tikhonov^{121b,121a}, S. Timoshenko¹¹¹, P. Tipton¹⁸¹, S. Tisserant¹⁰⁰, K. Todome^{23b,23a}, S. Todorova-Nova⁵, S. Todt⁴⁷, J. Tojo⁸⁶, S. Tokár^{28a}, K. Tokushuku⁸⁰, E. Tolley¹²⁴, K.G. Tomiwa^{32c}, M. Tomoto¹¹⁶, L. Tompkins^{151,q}, K. Toms¹¹⁷, B. Tong⁵⁸, P. Tornambe¹⁰¹, E. Torrence¹²⁹, H. Torres⁴⁷, E. Torró Pastor¹⁴⁶, C. Tosciro¹³³, J. Toth^{100,ab}, D.R. Tovey¹⁴⁷, C.J. Treado¹²³, T. Trefzger¹⁷⁵, F. Tresoldi¹⁵⁴, A. Tricoli²⁹, I.M. Trigger^{166a}, S. Trincaz-Duvold¹³⁴, W. Trischuk¹⁶⁵, B. Trocmé⁵⁷, A. Trofymov¹³⁰, C. Troncon^{67a}, M. Trovatelli¹⁷⁴, F. Trovato¹⁵⁴, L. Truong^{32b}, M. Trzebinski⁸³, A. Trzupek⁸³, F. Tsai⁴⁵, J.C.-L. Tseng¹³³, P.V. Tsiarshka^{106,ai}, A. Tsigotis¹⁶⁰, N. Tsirintanis⁹, V. Tsiskaridze¹⁵³, E.G. Tskhadadze^{157a}, M. Tsopoulou¹⁶⁰, I.I. Tsukerman¹¹⁰, V. Tsulaia¹⁸, S. Tsuno⁸⁰, D. Tsybychev^{153,164}, Y. Tu^{62b}, A. Tudorache^{27b}, V. Tudorache^{27b}, T.T. Tulbure^{27a},

A.N. Tuna⁵⁸, S. Turchikhin⁷⁸, D. Turgeman¹⁷⁸, I. Turk Cakir^{4b,t}, R.J. Turner²¹, R.T. Turra^{67a}, P.M. Tuts³⁸, S. Tzamarias¹⁶⁰, E. Tzovara⁹⁸, G. Ucchielli⁴⁶, I. Ueda⁸⁰, M. Ughetto^{44a,44b}, F. Ukegawa¹⁶⁷, G. Unal³⁵, A. Undrus²⁹, G. Unel¹⁶⁹, F.C. Ungaro¹⁰³, Y. Unno⁸⁰, K. Uno¹⁶¹, J. Urban^{28b}, P. Urquijo¹⁰³, G. Usai⁸, J. Usui⁸⁰, L. Vacavant¹⁰⁰, V. Vacek¹⁴⁰, B. Vachon¹⁰², K.O.H. Vadla¹³², A. Vaidya⁹³, C. Valderanis¹¹³, E. Valdes Santurio^{44a,44b}, M. Valente⁵³, S. Valentineti^{23b,23a}, A. Valero¹⁷², L. Valéry⁴⁵, R.A. Vallance²¹, A. Vallier³⁵, J.A. Valls Ferrer¹⁷², T.R. Van Daalen¹⁴, P. Van Gemmeren⁶, I. Van Vulpen¹¹⁹, M. Vanadia^{72a,72b}, W. Vandelli³⁵, A. Vaniachine¹⁶⁴, R. Vari^{71a}, E.W. Varnes⁷, C. Varni^{54b,54a}, T. Varol⁴¹, D. Varouchas¹³⁰, K.E. Varvell¹⁵⁵, M.E. Vasile^{27b}, G.A. Vasquez¹⁷⁴, J.G. Vasquez¹⁸¹, F. Vazeille³⁷, D. Vazquez Furelos¹⁴, T. Vazquez Schroeder³⁵, J. Veatch⁵², V. Vecchio^{73a,73b}, L.M. Veloce¹⁶⁵, F. Veloso^{138a,138c}, S. Veneziano^{71a}, A. Ventura^{66a,66b}, N. Venturi³⁵, A. Verbytskyi¹¹⁴, V. Vercesi^{69a}, M. Verducci^{73a,73b}, C.M. Vergel Infante⁷⁷, C. Vergis²⁴, W. Verkerke¹¹⁹, A.T. Vermeulen¹¹⁹, J.C. Vermeulen¹¹⁹, M.C. Vetterli^{150,av}, N. Viaux Maira^{145b}, M. Vicente Barreto Pinto⁵³, I. Vichou^{171,*}, T. Vickey¹⁴⁷, O.E. Vickey Boeriu¹⁴⁷, G.H.A. Viehhauser¹³³, L. Vigani¹³³, M. Villa^{23b,23a}, M. Villaplana Perez^{67a,67b}, E. Vilucchi⁵⁰, M.G. Vinciter³³, V.B. Vinogradov⁷⁸, A. Vishwakarma⁴⁵, C. Vittori^{23b,23a}, I. Vivarelli¹⁵⁴, M. Vogel¹⁸⁰, P. Vokac¹⁴⁰, G. Volpi¹⁴, S.E. von Buddenbrock^{32c}, E. Von Toerne²⁴, V. Vorobel¹⁴¹, K. Vorobev¹¹¹, M. Vos¹⁷², J.H. Vosseveld⁸⁹, N. Vranjes¹⁶, M. Vranjes Milosavljevic¹⁶, V. Vrba¹⁴⁰, M. Vreeswijk¹¹⁹, T. Šfiligoi⁹⁰, R. Vuillermet³⁵, I. Vukotic³⁶, T. Ženiš^{28a}, L. Živković¹⁶, P. Wagner²⁴, W. Wagner¹⁸⁰, J. Wagner-Kuhr¹¹³, H. Wahlberg⁸⁷, S. Wahrenmund⁴⁷, K. Wakamiya⁸¹, V.M. Walbrecht¹¹⁴, J. Walder⁸⁸, R. Walker¹¹³, S.D. Walker⁹², W. Walkowiak¹⁴⁹, V. Wallangen^{44a,44b}, A.M. Wang⁵⁸, C. Wang^{59b}, F. Wang¹⁷⁹, H. Wang¹⁸, H. Wang³, J. Wang¹⁵⁵, J. Wang^{60b}, P. Wang⁴¹, Q. Wang¹²⁶, R.-J. Wang¹³⁴, R. Wang^{59a}, R. Wang⁶, S.M. Wang¹⁵⁶, W.T. Wang^{59a}, W. Wang^{15c,ad}, W.X. Wang^{59a,ad}, Y. Wang^{59a,al}, Z. Wang^{59c}, C. Wanotayaroj⁴⁵, A. Warburton¹⁰², C.P. Ward³¹, D.R. Wardrope⁹³, A. Washbrook⁴⁹, A.T. Watson²¹, M.F. Watson²¹, G. Watts¹⁴⁶, B.M. Waugh⁹³, A.F. Webb¹¹, S. Webb⁹⁸, C. Weber¹⁸¹, M.S. Weber²⁰, S.A. Weber³³, S.M. Weber^{60a}, A.R. Weidberg¹³³, J. Weingarten⁴⁶, M. Weirich⁹⁸, C. Weiser⁵¹, P.S. Wells³⁵, T. Wenaus²⁹, T. Wengler³⁵, S. Wenig³⁵, N. Wermes²⁴, M.D. Werner⁷⁷, P. Werner³⁵, M. Wessels^{60a}, T.D. Weston²⁰, K. Whalen¹²⁹, N.L. Whallon¹⁴⁶, A.M. Wharton⁸⁸, A.S. White¹⁰⁴, A. White⁸, M.J. White¹, R. White^{145b}, D. Whiteson¹⁶⁹, B.W. Whitmore⁸⁸, F.J. Wickens¹⁴², W. Wiedenmann¹⁷⁹, M. Wielers¹⁴², C. Wigglesworth³⁹, L.A.M. Wiik-Fuchs⁵¹, F. Wilk⁹⁹, H.G. Wilkens³⁵, L.J. Wilkins⁹², H.H. Williams¹³⁵, S. Williams³¹, C. Willis¹⁰⁵, S. Willocq¹⁰¹, J.A. Wilson²¹, I. Wingerter-Seez⁵, E. Winkels¹⁵⁴, F. Winklmeier¹²⁹, O.J. Winston¹⁵⁴, B.T. Winter⁵¹, M. Wittgen¹⁵¹, M. Wobisch⁹⁴, A. Wolf⁹⁸, T.M.H. Wolf¹¹⁹, R. Wolff¹⁰⁰, R.W. Wölker¹³³, J. Wollrath⁵¹, M.W. Wolter⁸³, H. Wolters^{138a,138c}, V.W.S. Wong¹⁷³, N.L. Woods¹⁴⁴, S.D. Worm²¹, B.K. Wosiek⁸³, K.W. Woźniak⁸³, K. Wraight⁵⁶, S.L. Wu¹⁷⁹, X. Wu⁵³, Y. Wu^{59a}, T.R. Wyatt⁹⁹, B.M. Wynne⁴⁹, S. Xella³⁹, Z. Xi¹⁰⁴, L. Xia¹⁷⁶, D. Xu^{15a}, H. Xu^{59a,e}, L. Xu²⁹, T. Xu¹⁴³, W. Xu¹⁰⁴, Z. Xu^{59b}, Z. Xu¹⁵¹, B. Yabsley¹⁵⁵, S. Yacoob^{32a}, K. Yajima¹³¹, D.P. Yallup⁹³, D. Yamaguchi¹⁶³, Y. Yamaguchi¹⁶³, A. Yamamoto⁸⁰, T. Yamanaka¹⁶¹, F. Yamane⁸¹, M. Yamatani¹⁶¹, T. Yamazaki¹⁶¹, Y. Yamazaki⁸¹, Z. Yan²⁵, H.J. Yang^{59c,59d}, H.T. Yang¹⁸, S. Yang⁷⁶, X. Yang^{59b,57}, Y. Yang¹⁶¹, Z. Yang¹⁷, W.-M. Yao¹⁸, Y.C. Yap⁴⁵, Y. Yasu⁸⁰, E. Yatsenko^{59c,59d}, J. Ye⁴¹, S. Ye²⁹, I. Yeletsikh⁷⁸, E. Yigitbasi²⁵, E. Yildirim⁹⁸, K. Yorita¹⁷⁷, K. Yoshihara¹³⁵, C.J.S. Young³⁵, C. Young¹⁵¹, J. Yu⁷⁷, X. Yue^{60a}, S.P.Y. Yuen²⁴, B. Zabinski⁸³, G. Zacharis¹⁰, E. Zaffaroni⁵³, J. Zahreddine¹³⁴, R. Zaidan¹⁴, A.M. Zaitsev^{122,an}, T. Zakareishvili^{157b}, N. Zakharchuk³³, S. Zambito⁵⁸, D. Zanzi³⁵, D.R. Zaripovas⁵⁶, S.V. Zeiβner⁴⁶, C. Zeitnitz¹⁸⁰, G. Zemaityte¹³³, J.C. Zeng¹⁷¹, O. Zenin¹²², D. Zerwas¹³⁰, M. Zgubič¹³³, D.F. Zhang^{15b}, F. Zhang¹⁷⁹, G. Zhang^{59a}, G. Zhang^{15b}, H. Zhang^{15c}, J. Zhang⁶, L. Zhang^{15c}, L. Zhang^{59a}, M. Zhang¹⁷¹, R. Zhang^{59a}, R. Zhang²⁴, X. Zhang^{59b}, Y. Zhang^{15d}, Z. Zhang^{62a}, Z. Zhang¹³⁰, P. Zhao⁴⁸, Y. Zhao^{59b}, Z. Zhao^{59a}, A. Zhemchugov⁷⁸, Z. Zheng¹⁰⁴, D. Zhong¹⁷¹, B. Zhou¹⁰⁴, C. Zhou¹⁷⁹, M.S. Zhou^{15d}, M. Zhou¹⁵³, N. Zhou^{59c}, Y. Zhou⁷, C.G. Zhu^{59b}, H.L. Zhu^{59a}, H. Zhu^{15a}, J. Zhu¹⁰⁴, Y. Zhu^{59a}, X. Zhuang^{15a}, K. Zhukov¹⁰⁹, V. Zhulanov^{121b,121a}, D. Zieminska⁶⁴, N.I. Zimine⁷⁸, S. Zimmermann⁵¹, Z. Zinonos¹¹⁴, M. Ziolkowski¹⁴⁹, G. Zobernig¹⁷⁹, A. Zoccoli^{23b,23a}, K. Zoch⁵², T.G. Zorbas¹⁴⁷, R. Zou³⁶, L. Zwalinski³⁵

¹ Department of Physics, University of Adelaide, Adelaide, Australia² Physics Department, SUNY Albany, Albany, NY, United States of America³ Department of Physics, University of Alberta, Edmonton, AB, Canada⁴ (a) Department of Physics, Ankara University, Ankara; (b) Istanbul Aydin University, Istanbul; (c) Division of Physics, TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Ankara, Turkey

- ⁵ LAPP, Université Grenoble Alpes, Université Savoie Mont Blanc, CNRS/IN2P3, Annecy, France
- ⁶ High Energy Physics Division, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, IL, United States of America
- ⁷ Department of Physics, University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ, United States of America
- ⁸ Department of Physics, University of Texas at Arlington, Arlington, TX, United States of America
- ⁹ Physics Department, National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens, Greece
- ¹⁰ Physics Department, National Technical University of Athens, Zografou, Greece
- ¹¹ Department of Physics, University of Texas at Austin, Austin, TX, United States of America
- ¹² (a) Bahcesehir University, Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences, Istanbul; (b) Istanbul Bilgi University, Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences, Istanbul; (c) Department of Physics, Bogazici University, Istanbul; (d) Department of Physics Engineering, Gaziantep University, Gaziantep, Turkey
- ¹³ Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan
- ¹⁴ Institut de Física d'Altes Energies (IFAE), Barcelona Institute of Science and Technology, Barcelona, Spain
- ¹⁵ (a) Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing; (b) Physics Department, Tsinghua University, Beijing; (c) Department of Physics, Nanjing University, Nanjing; (d) University of Chinese Academy of Science (UCAS), Beijing, China
- ¹⁶ Institute of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia
- ¹⁷ Department for Physics and Technology, University of Bergen, Bergen, Norway
- ¹⁸ Physics Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory and University of California, Berkeley, CA, United States of America
- ¹⁹ Institut für Physik, Humboldt Universität zu Berlin, Berlin, Germany
- ²⁰ Albert Einstein Center for Fundamental Physics and Laboratory for High Energy Physics, University of Bern, Bern, Switzerland
- ²¹ School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, United Kingdom
- ²² Facultad de Ciencias y Centro de Investigaciones, Universidad Antonio Nariño, Bogota, Colombia
- ²³ (a) INFN Bologna and Università di Bologna, Dipartimento di Fisica; (b) INFN Sezione di Bologna, Italy
- ²⁴ Physikalisches Institut, Universität Bonn, Bonn, Germany
- ²⁵ Department of Physics, Boston University, Boston, MA, United States of America
- ²⁶ Department of Physics, Brandeis University, Waltham, MA, United States of America
- ²⁷ (a) Transilvania University of Brasov, Brasov; (b) Horia Hulubei National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering, Bucharest; (c) Department of Physics, Alexandru Ioan Cuza University of Iasi, Iasi; (d) National Institute for Research and Development of Isotopic and Molecular Technologies, Physics Department, Cluj-Napoca; (e) University Politehnica Bucharest, Bucharest; (f) West University in Timisoara, Timisoara, Romania
- ²⁸ (a) Faculty of Mathematics, Physics and Informatics, Comenius University, Bratislava; (b) Department of Subnuclear Physics, Institute of Experimental Physics of the Slovak Academy of Sciences, Kosice, Slovak Republic
- ²⁹ Physics Department, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY, United States of America
- ³⁰ Departamento de Física, Universidad de Buenos Aires, Buenos Aires, Argentina
- ³¹ Cavendish Laboratory, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, United Kingdom
- ³² (a) Department of Physics, University of Cape Town, Cape Town; (b) Department of Mechanical Engineering Science, University of Johannesburg, Johannesburg; (c) School of Physics, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa
- ³³ Department of Physics, Carleton University, Ottawa, ON, Canada
- ³⁴ (a) Faculté des Sciences Ain Chock, Réseau Universitaire de Physique des Hautes Energies – Université Hassan II, Casablanca; (b) Centre National de l'Energie des Sciences Techniques Nucleaires (CNESTEN), Rabat; (c) Faculté des Sciences Semlalia, Université Cadi Ayyad, LPHEA, Marrakech; (d) Faculté des Sciences, Université Mohamed Premier and LPTPM, Oujda; (e) Faculté des sciences, Université Mohammed V, Rabat, Morocco
- ³⁵ CERN, Geneva, Switzerland
- ³⁶ Enrico Fermi Institute, University of Chicago, Chicago, IL, United States of America
- ³⁷ LPC, Université Clermont Auvergne, CNRS/IN2P3, Clermont-Ferrand, France
- ³⁸ Nevis Laboratory, Columbia University, Irvington, NY, United States of America
- ³⁹ Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark
- ⁴⁰ (a) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università della Calabria, Rende; (b) INFN Gruppo Collegato di Cosenza, Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Italy
- ⁴¹ Physics Department, Southern Methodist University, Dallas, TX, United States of America
- ⁴² Physics Department, University of Texas at Dallas, Richardson, TX, United States of America
- ⁴³ National Centre for Scientific Research "Demokritos", Agia Paraskevi, Greece
- ⁴⁴ (a) Department of Physics, Stockholm University; (b) Oskar Klein Centre, Stockholm, Sweden
- ⁴⁵ Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron DESY, Hamburg and Zeuthen, Germany
- ⁴⁶ Lehrstuhl für Experimentelle Physik IV, Technische Universität Dortmund, Dortmund, Germany
- ⁴⁷ Institut für Kern- und Teilchenphysik, Technische Universität Dresden, Dresden, Germany
- ⁴⁸ Department of Physics, Duke University, Durham, NC, United States of America
- ⁴⁹ SUPA – School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, United Kingdom
- ⁵⁰ INFN e Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy
- ⁵¹ Physikalisches Institut, Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg, Freiburg, Germany
- ⁵² II. Physikalisches Institut, Georg-August-Universität Göttingen, Göttingen, Germany
- ⁵³ Département de Physique Nucléaire et Corpusculaire, Université de Genève, Genève, Switzerland
- ⁵⁴ (a) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Genova, Genova; (b) INFN Sezione di Genova, Italy
- ⁵⁵ II. Physikalisches Institut, Justus-Liebig-Universität Giessen, Giessen, Germany
- ⁵⁶ SUPA – School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Glasgow, Glasgow, United Kingdom
- ⁵⁷ LPSC, Université Grenoble Alpes, CNRS/IN2P3, Grenoble INP, Grenoble, France
- ⁵⁸ Laboratory for Particle Physics and Cosmology, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA, United States of America
- ⁵⁹ (a) Department of Modern Physics and State Key Laboratory of Particle Detection and Electronics, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei; (b) Institute of Frontier and Interdisciplinary Science and Key Laboratory of Particle Physics and Particle Irradiation (MOE), Shandong University, Qingdao; (c) School of Physics and Astronomy, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, KLPPAC-MoE, SKLPPC, Shanghai; (d) Tsung-Dao Lee Institute, Shanghai, China
- ⁶⁰ (a) Kirchhoff-Institut für Physik, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg; (b) Physikalisches Institut, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg, Germany
- ⁶¹ Faculty of Applied Information Science, Hiroshima Institute of Technology, Hiroshima, Japan
- ⁶² (a) Department of Physics, Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong; (b) Department of Physics, University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong; (c) Department of Physics and Institute for Advanced Study, Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Clear Water Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong, China
- ⁶³ Department of Physics, National Tsing Hua University, Hsinchu, Taiwan
- ⁶⁴ Department of Physics, Indiana University, Bloomington, IN, United States of America
- ⁶⁵ (a) INFN Gruppo Collegato di Udine, Sezione di Trieste, Udine; (b) ICTP, Trieste; (c) Dipartimento Politecnico di Ingegneria e Architettura, Università di Udine, Udine, Italy
- ⁶⁶ (a) INFN Sezione di Lecce; (b) Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università del Salento, Lecce, Italy
- ⁶⁷ (a) INFN Sezione di Milano; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Milano, Milano, Italy
- ⁶⁸ (a) INFN Sezione di Napoli; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Napoli, Napoli, Italy
- ⁶⁹ (a) INFN Sezione di Pavia; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy
- ⁷⁰ (a) INFN Sezione di Pisa; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica E. Fermi, Università di Pisa, Pisa, Italy
- ⁷¹ (a) INFN Sezione di Roma; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Sapienza Università di Roma, Roma, Italy
- ⁷² (a) INFN Sezione di Roma Tor Vergata; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Roma Tor Vergata, Roma, Italy

- 73 ^(a) INFN Sezione di Roma Tre; ^(b) Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università Roma Tre, Roma, Italy
- 74 ^(a) INFN-TIFPA; ^(b) Università degli Studi di Trento, Trento, Italy
- 75 Institut für Astro- und Teilchenphysik, Leopold-Franzens-Universität, Innsbruck, Austria
- 76 University of Iowa, Iowa City, IA, United States of America
- 77 Department of Physics and Astronomy, Iowa State University, Ames, IA, United States of America
- 78 Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna, Russia
- 79 ^(a) Departamento de Engenharia Elétrica, Universidade Federal de Juiz de Fora (UFJF), Juiz de Fora; ^(b) Universidade Federal do Rio De Janeiro COPPE/EE/IF, Rio de Janeiro;
- 80 ^(c) Universidade Federal de São João del Rei (UFSJ), São João del Rei; ^(d) Instituto de Física, Universidade de São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil
- 81 KEK, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, Tsukuba, Japan
- 82 Graduate School of Science, Kobe University, Kobe, Japan
- 83 ^(a) AGH University of Science and Technology, Faculty of Physics and Applied Computer Science, Krakow; ^(b) Marian Smoluchowski Institute of Physics, Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Poland
- 84 Institute of Nuclear Physics Polish Academy of Sciences, Krakow, Poland
- 85 Faculty of Science, Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan
- 86 Kyoto University of Education, Kyoto, Japan
- 87 Research Center for Advanced Particle Physics and Department of Physics, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan
- 88 Instituto de Física La Plata, Universidad Nacional de La Plata and CONICET, La Plata, Argentina
- 89 Physics Department, Lancaster University, Lancaster, United Kingdom
- 90 Oliver Lodge Laboratory, University of Liverpool, Liverpool, United Kingdom
- 91 Department of Experimental Particle Physics, Jožef Stefan Institute and Department of Physics, University of Ljubljana, Ljubljana, Slovenia
- 92 School of Physics and Astronomy, Queen Mary University of London, London, United Kingdom
- 93 Department of Physics, Royal Holloway University of London, Egham, United Kingdom
- 94 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College London, London, United Kingdom
- 95 Louisiana Tech University, Ruston, LA, United States of America
- 96 Fysiska institutionen, Lunds universitet, Lund, Sweden
- 97 Centre de Calcul de l'Institut National de Physique Nucléaire et de Physique des Particules (IN2P3), Villeurbanne, France
- 98 Departamento de Física Teórica C-15 and CIAFF, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain
- 99 Institut für Physik, Universität Mainz, Mainz, Germany
- 100 School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Manchester, Manchester, United Kingdom
- 101 CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université, CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France
- 102 Department of Physics, University of Massachusetts, Amherst, MA, United States of America
- 103 Department of Physics, McGill University, Montreal, QC, Canada
- 104 School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Victoria, Australia
- 105 Department of Physics, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, United States of America
- 106 Department of Physics and Astronomy, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI, United States of America
- 107 B.I. Stepanov Institute of Physics, National Academy of Sciences of Belarus, Minsk, Belarus
- 108 Research Institute for Nuclear Problems of Byelorussian State University, Minsk, Belarus
- 109 Group of Particle Physics, University of Montreal, Montreal, QC, Canada
- 110 P.N. Lebedev Physical Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia
- 111 Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics of the National Research Centre Kurchatov Institute, Moscow, Russia
- 112 National Research Nuclear University MEPhI, Moscow, Russia
- 113 D.V. Skobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics, M.V. Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia
- 114 Fakultät für Physik, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, München, Germany
- 115 Max-Planck-Institut für Physik (Werner-Heisenberg-Institut), München, Germany
- 116 Nagasaki Institute of Applied Science, Nagasaki, Japan
- 117 Graduate School of Science and Kobayashi–Maskawa Institute, Nagoya University, Nagoya, Japan
- 118 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, NM, United States of America
- 119 Institute for Mathematics, Astrophysics and Particle Physics, Radboud University Nijmegen/Nikhef, Nijmegen, Netherlands
- 120 Nikhef National Institute for Subatomic Physics and University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands
- 121 Department of Physics, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb, IL, United States of America
- 122 ^(a) Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics and NSU, SB RAS, Novosibirsk; ^(b) Novosibirsk State University Novosibirsk, Russia
- 123 Institute for High Energy Physics of the National Research Centre Kurchatov Institute, Protvino, Russia
- 124 Department of Physics, New York University, New York, NY, United States of America
- 125 Ohio State University, Columbus, OH, United States of America
- 126 Faculty of Science, Okayama University, Okayama, Japan
- 127 Homer L. Dodge Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Oklahoma, Norman, OK, United States of America
- 128 Department of Physics, Oklahoma State University, Stillwater, OK, United States of America
- 129 Palacký University, RCPTM, Joint Laboratory of Optics, Olomouc, Czech Republic
- 130 Center for High Energy Physics, University of Oregon, Eugene, OR, United States of America
- 131 LAL, Université Paris-Sud, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay, France
- 132 Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Osaka, Japan
- 133 Department of Physics, University of Oslo, Oslo, Norway
- 134 Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford, United Kingdom
- 135 LPNHE, Sorbonne Université, Paris Diderot Sorbonne Paris Cité, CNRS/IN2P3, Paris, France
- 136 Department of Physics, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA, United States of America
- 137 Konstantinov Nuclear Physics Institute of National Research Centre "Kurchatov Institute", PNPI, St. Petersburg, Russia
- 138 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA, United States of America
- 139 ^(a) Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas – LIP; ^(b) Departamento de Física, Faculdade de Ciências, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa; ^(c) Departamento de Física, Universidade de Coimbra, Coimbra; ^(d) Centro de Física Nuclear da Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa; ^(e) Departamento de Física, Universidade do Minho, Braga; ^(f) Universidad de Granada, Granada (Spain); ^(g) Dep Física and CEFITEC of Faculdade de Ciências e Tecnologia, Universidade Nova de Lisboa, Caparica, Portugal
- 140 Institute of Physics of the Czech Academy of Sciences, Prague, Czech Republic
- 141 Czech Technical University in Prague, Prague, Czech Republic
- 142 Charles University, Faculty of Mathematics and Physics, Prague, Czech Republic
- 143 Particle Physics Department, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom
- 144 IRFU, CEA, Université Paris-Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette, France
- 145 Santa Cruz Institute for Particle Physics, University of California Santa Cruz, Santa Cruz, CA, United States of America
- 146 ^(a) Departamento de Física, Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile, Santiago; ^(b) Departamento de Física, Universidad Técnica Federico Santa María, Valparaíso, Chile
- 147 Department of Physics, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, United States of America
- 148 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, United Kingdom

- ¹⁴⁸ Department of Physics, Shinshu University, Nagano, Japan
¹⁴⁹ Department Physik, Universität Siegen, Siegen, Germany
¹⁵⁰ Department of Physics, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby, BC, Canada
¹⁵¹ SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Stanford, CA, United States of America
¹⁵² Physics Department, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden
¹⁵³ Departments of Physics and Astronomy, Stony Brook University, Stony Brook, NY, United States of America
¹⁵⁴ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sussex, Brighton, United Kingdom
¹⁵⁵ School of Physics, University of Sydney, Sydney, Australia
¹⁵⁶ Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan
¹⁵⁷ ^(a) E. Andronikashvili Institute of Physics, Iv. Javakhishvili Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi; ^(b) High Energy Physics Institute, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia
¹⁵⁸ Department of Physics, Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel
¹⁵⁹ Raymond and Beverly Sackler School of Physics and Astronomy, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel
¹⁶⁰ Department of Physics, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki, Greece
¹⁶¹ International Center for Elementary Particle Physics and Department of Physics, University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan
¹⁶² Graduate School of Science and Technology, Tokyo Metropolitan University, Tokyo, Japan
¹⁶³ Department of Physics, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo, Japan
¹⁶⁴ Tomsk State University, Tomsk, Russia
¹⁶⁵ Department of Physics, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada
¹⁶⁶ ^(a) TRIUMF, Vancouver, BC; ^(b) Department of Physics and Astronomy, York University, Toronto, ON, Canada
¹⁶⁷ Division of Physics and Tomonaga Center for the History of the Universe, Faculty of Pure and Applied Sciences, University of Tsukuba, Tsukuba, Japan
¹⁶⁸ Department of Physics and Astronomy, Tufts University, Medford, MA, United States of America
¹⁶⁹ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of California Irvine, Irvine, CA, United States of America
¹⁷⁰ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Uppsala, Uppsala, Sweden
¹⁷¹ Department of Physics, University of Illinois, Urbana, IL, United States of America
¹⁷² Instituto de Física Corpuscular (IFIC), Centro Mixto Universidad de Valencia – CSIC, Valencia, Spain
¹⁷³ Department of Physics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC, Canada
¹⁷⁴ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria, BC, Canada
¹⁷⁵ Fakultät für Physik und Astronomie, Julius-Maximilians-Universität Würzburg, Würzburg, Germany
¹⁷⁶ Department of Physics, University of Warwick, Coventry, United Kingdom
¹⁷⁷ Waseda University, Tokyo, Japan
¹⁷⁸ Department of Particle Physics, Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, Israel
¹⁷⁹ Department of Physics, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI, United States of America
¹⁸⁰ Fakultät für Mathematik und Naturwissenschaften, Fachgruppe Physik, Bergische Universität Wuppertal, Wuppertal, Germany
¹⁸¹ Department of Physics, Yale University, New Haven, CT, United States of America
¹⁸² Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia

^a Also at Borough of Manhattan Community College, City University of New York, NY, United States of America.

^b Also at California State University, East Bay, United States of America.

^c Also at Centre for High Performance Computing, CSIR Campus, Rosebank, Cape Town, South Africa.

^d Also at CERN, Geneva, Switzerland.

^e Also at CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université, CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France.

^f Also at Département de Physique Nucléaire et Corpusculaire, Université de Genève, Genève, Switzerland.

^g Also at Departament de Física de la Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, Barcelona, Spain.

^h Also at Departamento de Física, Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa, Portugal.

ⁱ Also at Department of Applied Physics and Astronomy, University of Sharjah, Sharjah, United Arab Emirates.

^j Also at Department of Financial and Management Engineering, University of the Aegean, Chios, Greece.

^k Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Louisville, Louisville, KY, United States of America.

^l Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, United Kingdom.

^m Also at Department of Physics, California State University, Fresno, CA, United States of America.

ⁿ Also at Department of Physics, California State University, Sacramento, CA, United States of America.

^o Also at Department of Physics, King's College London, London, United Kingdom.

^p Also at Department of Physics, St. Petersburg State Polytechnical University, St. Petersburg, Russia.

^q Also at Department of Physics, Stanford University, Stanford, CA, United States of America.

^r Also at Department of Physics, University of Fribourg, Fribourg, Switzerland.

^s Also at Department of Physics, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, United States of America.

^t Also at Giresun University, Faculty of Engineering, Giresun, Turkey.

^u Also at Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Osaka, Japan.

^v Also at Hellenic Open University, Patras, Greece.

^w Also at Horia Hulubei National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering, Bucharest, Romania.

^x Also at Institutio Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avancats, ICREA, Barcelona, Spain.

^y Also at Institut für Experimentalphysik, Universität Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany.

^z Also at Institute for Mathematics, Astrophysics and Particle Physics, Radboud University Nijmegen/Nikhef, Nijmegen, Netherlands.

^{aa} Also at Institute for Nuclear Research and Nuclear Energy (INRNE) of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia, Bulgaria.

^{ab} Also at Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics, Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary.

^{ac} Also at Institute of Particle Physics (IPP), Canada.

^{ad} Also at Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan.

^{ae} Also at Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan.

^{af} Also at Institute of Theoretical Physics, Ilia State University, Tbilisi, Georgia.

^{ag} Also at Instituto de Física Teórica de la Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Spain.

^{ah} Also at Istanbul University, Dept. of Physics, Istanbul, Turkey.

^{ai} Also at Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna, Russia.

^{aj} Also at LAL, Université Paris-Sud, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay, France.

^{ak} Also at Louisiana Tech University, Ruston, LA, United States of America.

^{al} Also at LPNHE, Sorbonne Université, Paris Diderot Sorbonne Paris Cité, CNRS/IN2P3, Paris, France.

^{am} Also at Manhattan College, New York, NY, United States of America.

^{an} Also at Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology State University, Dolgoprudny, Russia.

^{ao} Also at National Research Nuclear University MEPhI, Moscow, Russia.

^{ap} Also at Physics Dept, University of South Africa, Pretoria, South Africa.

^{aq} Also at Physikalisches Institut, Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg, Freiburg, Germany.

^{ar} Also at School of Physics, Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou, China.

^{as} Also at The City College of New York, New York, NY, United States of America.

^{at} Also at The Collaborative Innovation Center of Quantum Matter (CICQM), Beijing, China.

^{au} Also at Tomsk State University, Tomsk, and Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology State University, Dolgoprudny, Russia.

^{av} Also at TRIUMF, Vancouver, BC, Canada.

^{aw} Also at Università di Napoli Parthenope, Napoli, Italy.

* Deceased.